

Program

BSc Nursing Curriculum

Regulation

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SPIRITUAL PRINCIPLES IN EDUCATION

Tomorrow's world will be shaped by today's children. In their tender minds, it is easy to cultivate universal human values. If you walk through a field of soft, green grass a few times; you will quickly make a path; whereas it takes countless trips to forge a trial on a rocky hillside. Teaching of universal spiritual principles and human values should be standard part of the general education, not only the responsibility of the family. This should not be delayed by further, for if there is delay, the future generations will be lost to the world.

Sri Mata Amritanandamayi Devi, "Living in Harmony"

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B. Sc NURSING CURRICULUM (From 2010 Admission)

Bachelor of Science in Nursing [B. Sc Nursing] programme at AMRITA VISHWA VIDYAPEETHAM (Deemed University) is four-year degree course.

Philosophy

INC believes that:

Health is a state of well-being that enables a person to lead a psychologically, socially and economically productive life. Health is a right of all the people. Individuals, families and communities have a responsibility towards maintaining their health.

Nursing contributes to the health services in a vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It recognizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health policies and programmes. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality care in collaboration with other health professionals and community groups.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological and behavioral sciences, medicine and nursing.

Nursing is based on values of caring, and aims to help individuals to attain independence in self-care. It necessitates development of compassion and understanding of human behavior among its practitioners to provide care with respect and dignity and protect the rights of individuals and groups.

Undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies and standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002.

The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven, self directed learning and foster an attitude of life long learning.

Under graduate nursing education program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

Programme Objective

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

- Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative, and rehabilitative services.
- Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights of and
 facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital, community-nursing
 services and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice. They are also expected to
 assume the role of teacher, supervisor and manager in a clinical/public health setting.

Programme Specific Objectives

On completion of the four year B.Sc Nursing program the graduate will be able to:

- 1. Apply knowledge from physical, biological and behavioral sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of life style and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
- 3. Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
- 4. Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- 5. Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- 6. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the National Health Policies and programmes.
- 7. Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- 8. Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and teamwork.
- 9. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/community health settings.
- 10. Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- 11. Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/community health settings.
- 12. Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- 13. Demonstrate awareness, interest and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.
- 14. Demonstrate personal characteristics and attitudes (like personal integrity, responsibility, reliability and showing concern for other individuals) required for professional life.

Title of the Course: B.Sc. Nursing

REGULATIONS RELATING TO B Sc. NURSING PROGRAMME

Eligibility for admission

- 1. The candidate should have completed 17 years of age on or before 31st December of the year of admission but should not have completed the age of 25 years in the year of admission.
- 2. The minimum educational requirement shall be passing of:

Higher Secondary School Certificate Examination (12 years course)

Or

Senior School Certificate Examination (10 +2), Pre-Degree Examination (10 +2)

Or

An equivalent with 12 years schooling from a recognized Board or University in the first attempt with an aggregate of 60% in Science (Physics, Chemistry, and Biology) and 50% in English.

3. Candidate shall be medically fit.

Criteria for selection of the candidates

Selection of the candidate is based on the Common Entrance Test conducted by the AMRITA Vishwa Vidyapeetham University.

Duration

Duration of the course : 4 years Weeks available per year : 52 Weeks

Vacation/holidays : 7 weeks (4 weeks vacation plus 3 weeks

calendar holidays)

Examination (including preparatory) : 4 weeks
Extra curricular activities : 2 weeks
Weeks available : 39 weeks
Hours per week : 40 hours

Hours available per academic year : 1560 (39 weeks x 40 hours)

Attendance

- 1. A candidate must have a minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical separately in each subject to be eligible to appear for the University Examination. However, the students should have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before admitting to the next year.
- 2. Maximum of 5% may be condoned by the University on a genuine reason.
- 3. A candidate, who is absent for a period of 60 days or more continuously within a period of three months during an academic year, shall not be eligible to continue the course with the same batch of students.

Internal assessment

- 1. Regular periodic assessment shall be conducted throughout the course. At least three sessional examinations in theory and preferably two practical examinations should be conducted in each subject. The model examination should be of the same pattern of the University Examination. Average of the three examinations and the marks obtained in assignments also shall be taken to calculate the internal assessment.
- 2. A candidate should secure a minimum of 35% mark in the internal assessment in each subject (separately in theory and practical) to be eligible to appear for the University examination.
- 3. The candidate shall submit a record of the clinical work done in that year duly attested by the Principal of College of Nursing.
- 4. The internal assessment marks shall be submitted to the University 10 days prior to the commencement of the University Examinations.

Examination

- 1. University Examination shall be conducted twice in a year at an interval of five to six months as specified by the University.
- 2. A candidate who satisfies the requirement of attendance, internal assessment marks, as stipulated by the University shall be eligible to appear for the University Examination.
- 3. A candidate who has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than 10 (ten) months of the academic year only can appear for the examination.
- 4. Candidate should score a minimum of 40% marks in theory and practical separately in each subject for university examination.
- 5. The minimum pass for internal assessment is 35% and for the University examination is 40%. However, the student should score a total of 50% (adding the internal and external examination) to pass, in each subject (separately for theory and practical).
- 6. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper, he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (theory and practical).
- 7. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is five including the first attempt.
- 8. Candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless he/she has passed the previous examination.
- 9. The maximum period to complete the course shall not exceed 8 years.
- 10. All practical examinations should be conducted in the respective clinical areas.
- 11. Number of candidates for practical examination should be maximum 12 to 15 per day.
- 12. One internal and external examiner should jointly conduct the practical examination for each student.
- 15. An examiner in the nursing subject should be an Assistant Professor or above in a College of Nursing with M.Sc Nursing in the concerned subject and must have minimum of three years of teaching experience. To be an examiner in Foundations of Nursing, M.Sc faculty in any specialty with three years of teaching shall be considered.

Evaluation and grade

- 1. Minimum mark for pass shall be 50% in each of the theory and practical papers separately (including internal assessment) in all subjects except English. Only a minimum of 40% is required to pass in English.
- 2. A candidate who passes the examination in all subjects with an aggregate of 50% marks and above and less than 65% shall be declared to have passed the examination in the **second class**.
- 3. A candidate who passes the examination in all subjects in the first attempt obtaining not less than 65% of the aggregate marks for all the four years shall be declared to have passed the examination with **First class.**
- 2. A candidate who secures an aggregate of 75% or above marks is awarded **distinction.** A candidate who secures not less than 75% marks in any subject will be deemed to have passed the subject with distinction in that subject provided he/she passes the whole examination in the first attempt.
- 3. A candidate who passes the examination in subsequent appearance shall be ranked only in Second Class.
- 6. **Rank** in the examination: Aggregate marks of all four year regular examinations have been considered for awarding rank for the B.Sc Nursing Examination (A consolidated mark list consisting of marks of all four year examination shall be given to all the students).

Course of Instruction

1. First Year

Sl. No	Subject / Area	Theory (In hrs) {Class & Lab}	Practical(In hrs) {Clinical}	Others (in hrs)
	PART I – BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES			
1	Paper I - Anatomy and Histology	80	20	
2	Paper II - Physiology	85	5	
3	Paper III - Microbiology	45	15	
4	Paper IV - Nutrition	45	15	
5	Biochemistry	30		
6	PART II – Psychology	60		
	PART III – NURSING I			
7	Foundations of Nursing	465 (265+200)	450	
	PART IV			
8	Paper - I English	60		
9	Regional Language	30		
10	PART V - Introduction to Computer Application	15	30	
	Library			60
	Co-curricular activities			50
	Total	910	540	110

Total hours=1560

II. Second Year

Sl. No	Subject / Area	Theory (In hrs) {Class & Lab}	Practical(In hrs)	Others (in hrs)
	PART I – NURSING II			
1	Paper I – Medical Surgical Nursing I	210	760	
	(Adult Including Geriatrics)			
2	Paper II – Pharmacology	60		
3	Paper III - Pathology & Genetics	60		
4	PART II – Community Health Nursing I	90	135	
5	PART III – Sociology	60		
6	PART IV – Communication &	90 (60+30)		
	Educational Technology			
	Library			45
	Co-curricular activities			50
	Total	570	895	95

Total hours=1560

III. Third Year

Sl. No	Subject / Area	Theory (In hrs) {Class & Lab}	Practical(In hrs)	Others (in hrs)
	PART I – NURSING III			
1	Paper I - Medical surgical Nursing II	105	310	
	(Adult including Geriatrics)			
2	Paper II - Child Health Nursing	90	270	
3	Paper III - Mental Health Nursing	90	365	
4	* Nursing IV Paper I - Maternity Nursing			
	including Gynecological Nursing I	90	180	
	Library			35
	Co-curricular activities			25
	Total	375	1125	60

^{*} Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing I & II are taught in Third and Fourth year respectively and has only one University examination in Fourth year.

 $Total\ hours = 1560$

IV. Fourth Year

Sl. No	Subject / Area	Theory (In hrs) {Class &	Practical(In hrs) {Clinical}	Others (in hrs)
	* NURSING – IV			
1	Paper I – Maternity Nursing			
	including Gynecological Nursing II	30	420	
2	Paper II – Community Health Nursing II	90	330	
3	Paper III – Nursing Research & Statistics	45	90	
4	Paper IV – Management of Nursing Service	90	400	
	& Education			
	Library			40
	Co-curricular Activities			25
	Total	255	1240	65

^{*} Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing I & II are taught in Third and Fourth year respectively and has only one University examination in Fourth year.

Total hours=1560

Scheme of Examination

I. First Year

Sl. No	Subject	Assessment			
	•	Hours	Internal	External	Total
	PART I – BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES				
1	Paper I - Anatomy and Histology	2	25	75	100
2	Paper II-Physiology	2	25	75	100
3	Paper III - Microbiology	2	25	75	100
4	Paper IV - Nutrition & Biochemistry	2	25 (15+10)	75 (50+25)	100
5	PART - II - Psychology	2	25	75	100
	PART III – NURSING I				
6	Foundations of Nursing	3	50	100	150
7	PART IV – Paper I– English	2	25	50	75
8	PART V - Introduction to Computer	2	25	50	75
	Application				
Practi	cal & Viva voce				
1	PART III – Foundations of Nursing		100	100	200
	Total		325	675	1000

II. Second Year

Sl. No	Subject	Assessment			
			Internal	External	Total
	PART I- NURSING II				
1	Paper I- Medical Surgical Nursing	3	50	100	150
	I (Adult including Geriatrics)				
2	Paper II – Pharmacology	2	25	75	100
3	3 Paper III – Pathology & Genetics		25	50	75
4	PART II - Community Health Nursing I	3	25	75	100
5	PART III – Sociology	2	25	75	100
6	PART IV – Communication and Educational	3	25	75	100
	Technology				
Practical & Viva voce					
1	Paper I – Medical Surgical Nursing I		100	100	200
	Total		275	550	825

III. Third Year

Sl. No	Subject	Assessment			
	-		Internal	External	Total
	PART I- NURSING – III				
1	Paper I – Medical Surgical Nursing II	3	50	100	150
2	Paper II -Child Health Nursing	3	50	100	150
3	3 Paper III - Mental Health Nursing		50	100	150
Pract	ical & Viva voce				
	PART I-NURSING – III				
1	Paper I -Medical Surgical Nursing II		100	100	200
2	Paper II - Child Health Nursing		100	100	200
3	3 Paper III - Mental Health Nursing		100	100	200
	Total		450	600	1050

IV. Fourth Year

Sl. No	Subject	Assessment			
			Internal	External	Total
	PART I – NURSING IV *				
1	Paper I – Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing I & II	3	50	100	150
2	Paper II - Community Health Nursing II	3	3 50		150
3	Paper III - Nursing Research and Statistics	2	25	50	75
4	Paper IV – Management of Nursing Service & Education	3	50	100	150
Pract	ical & Viva Voce				
	PART I – NURSING IV				
1	Paper I Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing I & II	3	100	100	200
2	Paper II - Community Health Nursing II	3	100	100	200
	Total		375	550	925

^{*} Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing I & II are taught in Third and Fourth year respectively and has only one University examination in Fourth year.

AGGREGATE MARKS OF B. Sc NURSING

Year of Study	Total Marks
I Year	1000
II Year	825
III Year	1050
IV Year	925
Grand Total	3800

ANATOMY AND HISTOLOGY

Placement: First year **Time:** Theory – 80 hours

Practical (Lab) -20 hours

Course Description: The course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and apply this knowledge in the various practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
I	6	Describe the anatomical terms, organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	Introduction To Anatomical Terms, Organization Of The Human Body O Human cell structure Tissues: definition, types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and formation Membranes and glands Classification and structure Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts Microscopic slides, Skeleton & torso Demonstrate cells,types of tissues, Membranes and glands 	Short answersObjective type
П	10	Describe the structure & function of bones and joints	The Skeletal System O Bones- types, structure, axial & appendicular skeleton O Bone formation and growth O Description of bones O Joints: classification and structure O Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts, skeleton, loose bones, and joints 	Short answersObjective type
III	8	Describe the structure and function of muscles	The Muscular System O Types and structure of muscles O Muscle groupso Alterations in disease O Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts, models and films Demonstrate muscular movements 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	10	Describe the structure & function of nervous system	The Nervous System Structure of neurologia & neurons Somatic nervous system Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves Autonomic nervous system: sympathetic, parasympathetic Structure, location Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts, models slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type
V	10	Explain the structure & functions of sensory organs	The Sensory Organs O Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue (auditory and olfactory apparatus) O Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion. Explain using models, charts, slides, and specimen. 	Short answersObjective type
VI	12	Describe the structure & function of circulatory and lymphatic system	Circulatory and Lymphatic System i. The Circulatory system Blood – microscopic structure Structure of heart, blood vessels Arterial & venous system. Circulation: systemic pulmonary, coronary ii. Lymphatic system Lymphatic vessels and lymph Lymphatic tissues Thymus gland Lymph nodes Spleen Lymphatic nodules Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion. Explain using models, charts, slides, specimen 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VII	8	Describe the structure & functions of respiratory system	The Respiratory System Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Intercostals and diaphragm Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type
VIII	8	Describe the structure & functions of digestive system	The Digestive System	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type
IX	8	Describe the structure & functions of excretory system	 The Excretory System Structure of organs of Urinary System: kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type
X	10	Describe the structure & functions of endocrine system	The Endocrine System O Structure of pituitary, pancreas, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands O Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type
XI	10	Describe the structure and functions of reproductive system	The Reproductive System Including Breast Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of breast Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens 	Short answersObjective type

References:

- 1. Chaurasia BD. Human anatomy vol. I, II & III CBS Publishers, Delhi-32
- 2. William et. al. Gray's anatomy, 38th ed., Churchill Livingstone, New York.
- 3. Tortora Grabowski, Principles of anatomy and physiology 8th ed., Haifer Collins.
- 4. Kimbler & Gray, Text book of anatomy & physiolgy C.V. Mosby C, St. Louis
- 5. Milliard et. al Human anatomy and physiology, W.B. Saunder's Company Philadelphia.
- 6. Baj Pai, R.N. Human Histology, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, P.B. Ansari Road, New Delhi.

PHYSIOLOGY

Placement: First year Time: Theory – 85 hours

Practical - 5 hours

Course Description: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in diseases and apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5	Describe muscle tone Demonstrate muscle contraction and tone	 General Physiology & Nerve: Muscle Physiology General Physiology: introduction to terminology: cells, tissues, organs, organ systems etc Nerve: structure of a typical neuron and classification of nerve fibres Resting membrane potential & action potential Nerve conduction Degeneration & regeneration Neuromuscular transmission & drugs acting on N - M junction Muscles: Types, sarcomere, molecular mechanism of muscle contraction. 	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, models slides, specimen and films Demonstration of muscle movements, tone and contractions 	Short answerObjective type
II	10	Describe the physiology of blood Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb,	Hematology System O Body fluid compartments, blood, composition & functions, plasma proteins, O Lymph & tissue fluid. O RBC formation, fate, ESR, PCV O Hemoglobin: structure, synthesis & breakdown. O Estimation of HB O Anaemia, polycythaemia	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using Charts, films Demonstration of Blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Haemoglobin estimation, 	Short answerObjective type

			 WBC: types, functions, Immunity Platelets & blood coagulation Blood groups & transfusion 		
III	10	Describe the physiology and mechanisms of respiration Demonstrate spirometry	Respiratory System O Physiological anatomy of respiratory system O Physiology of respiration: basic mechanism of ventilation O Pulmonary pressure changes, volume changes, spirometry O Factors preventing collapse of lungs O Gas exchange in lungs & tissues O Transport of oxygen & carbon - dioxide O Regulation of respiration: neural & chemical O Oxygen therapy O Artificial respiration: indications & name of methods O Applied aspects: hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, films Demonstration of spirometry 	o Short answer o Objective type
IV	12	Describe the physiology of heart. Demonstrate BP and Pulse monitoring	Cardiovascular System O Physiological anatomy of heart & blood vessels: greater & lesser circulation O Properties of cardiac muscle, conducting system of heart, normal ECG O Cardiac cycle, cardiac output O BP: definition, normal value, measurement, regulation O Pulse, shock	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, films Demonstration of heart conducting system Measurement of pulse, BP 	Short answerObjective type

V	8	Describe the physiology of excretory system	Excretory System O Physiological anatomy of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder & urethra O Steps in urine formation: Glomerular filtration, tubular reabsorption, tubular secretion, concentration & acidification of urine & their significance. O Functions of skin, regulation of body temperature O Applied aspects: (very briefly) albuminurea, dialysis, diuretic drugs O Micturition reflex	o Lecture discussion oExplain using Charts, films	Short answerObjective type
VI	12	Describe the physiology of synapse, reflexes, receptors & impulse transmission to & fro brain & spinal cord Demonstrate reflex action and stimulus	Nervous System O General organization of nervous system: functions of neurons & neuroglia, Cranial & spinal nerves O Definition of stimulus & nerve impulse Synapse, reflexes, receptors & impulse transmission to & fro brain & spinal cord Cerebrospinal fluid: composition, circulation and function Function of Thalamus, hypothalamus, basal ganglia, cerebellum ANS	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, models slides specimen and films Demonstration of nerve stimulus, reflex action, reflexes 	Short answerObjective type
VII	8	Describe the physiology of digestive system	Digestive System O Physiological anatomy of digestive tract. O Secretion of digestive juices; saliva, gastric & small intestinal juice, pancreatic secretion O Digestion & absorption of food	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, Films 	Short answerObjective type

			 Functions of large intestine Functions of liver and gall bladder Movements of GIT. Disorders: Paralytic ileus, Constipation, diarrhoea 		
VIII	10	Describe the physiology of endocrine glands	Endocrine System O Hormones of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, suprarenal O Applied aspects	Lecture discussionExplain using charts, films	Short answerObjective type
IX	5	Describe the physiology of sensory organs	 Special Senses Vision: physiological anatomy, visual pathway, retina, refractory errors Audition: physiological anatomy, functions of middle ear, organ of corti, pathway, hearing disorders Taste/smell: receptors, pathway 	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answerObjective type
X	5	Describe the physiology of male and female reproductive system	Reproductive System Introduction to terminology: mitosis, meiosis, spermatogenesis, oogenesis Female reproductive organs, menstrual cycle (ovarian & uterine cycle) ovulation and ovulation tests, functions of placenta, role of ovarian hormones in breast development, physiology of lactation Male reproductive organs, spermatogenesis & factors affecting it. Basis of contraception in males and females Applied aspects	 Lecture discussion Explain using charts, films, models, specimens 	 Short answer questions Objective Type

Practicals:

- 1. Introduction to use & care of microscope 1 hr
- 2. Demonstrate Haemoglobin, ESR, PCV, Blood coagulation, Peripheral blood smear & blood group $-1^{1}/_{2}$ hrs
- 3. Demonstrate muscle tone, reflexes $\frac{1}{2}$ hr
- 4. Demonstrate BP measurement, auscultation of heart sounds & respiratory sounds -2 hr

References:

- 1. Text book of physiology for dental students. Dr. N Geetha Paras publishers
- 2. Choudhari, Concise medical physiology 9^{th} ed. W.B. Saunders, Philadelphia.
- Chatterjee CC- Human physiology, vol. I & II Medical Allied agencies, Calcutta.
 Guyton Text book of medical physiology, 9th ed. W.B. Saunders, Philadelphia.

MICROBIOLOGY

Placement: First year Time: Theory- 60 Hours

(Theory 45+15 lab)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of microbiology and identification of various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit		me [rs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Method
	Th.	_	U		Activities	
I	5		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and their importance in nursing	 Introduction Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminologies Principles of microbiology 	LectureDiscussion	Short answersObjective type
III	10	5	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify micro organisms	General Characteristics of Microbes Structure and classification of microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for identification of micro organisms Staining techniques, gram staining, acid fast staining, hanging drop preparation Culture, various medias	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Short answersObjective type

III	10	2	Describe the methods of infection control Identify the role of nurse in hospital infection control programme	Infection control Infection: sources, portals of entry and exit, transmission Asepsis Disinfection: types and methods Sterilization: types and methods Chemotherapy and antibodies Standard safety measures Biomedical waste management Role of Nurse Hospital acquired infection control programme Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of report and status of rate of infection in the unit/ hospital, nurse's accountability, continuing education etc.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visits to CSSD Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type
IV	12	4	Describe the different disease producing organisms	Pathogenic Organisms Micro-organisms Cocci: gram positive and gram negative Bacilli: gram positive and gram negative Spirochaete Mycoplasma Rickettsiae Chlamydiae Viruses Fungi: superficial and deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & vectors Characteristics, source, portal of entry, transmission of infection Identification of disease	o Lecture o Discussion o Demonstration o Clinical practice	o Short answers o Objective type

				producing microorganisms Collection, handling and transportation of various specimens	
V	8	4	Explain the concept of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	Immunity Immunity: types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity - skin test Serological tests Immunoprophylaxis Vaccines & sera: types & classification, storage and handling cold chain Immunization of various diseases Immunization Schedule	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice Objective type

References:

- Ananthanarayan R, Textbook of microbiology 5th ed., Orient Longman Ltd., Delhi.
 Collee et.al, Practical medical microbiology, 13th ed., Churchill Livingstone, NewYork.
- 3. Shanson. Microbiology in clinical practice. 1997

NUTRITION

Placement: First year Time: Theory: 45 hours

Practical: 15 hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing

Unit	Tin (Hr Th. 1	rs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
I	5		Describe the relationship between nutrition & health	Introduction Nutrition: history, concepts Role of nutrition in maintaining health Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy Factors affecting food and nutrition: socioeconomic, cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits etc Role of food and its medicinal value Classification of foods Food standards Elements of nutrition: macro and micro Calorie, BMR	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts Panel discussion 	Short answer questionsObjective type
П	2		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates	Carbohydrates Classification Caloric value Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources Functions Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of carbohydrates Malnutrition: deficiencies and over consumption	 Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts 	Short answersObjective type

III	2	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of fats	Fats O Classification O Caloric value O Recommended daily allowances O Dietary sources O Functions O Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism O Malnutrition: deficiencies and over consumption	 Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts 	Short answersObjective type
IV	2	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Proteins	Proteins Classification Caloric value Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources Functions Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage Malnutrition: deficiencies and over consumption	 Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts 	Short answersObjective type
V	3	Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people	Energy O Unit of energy-Kcal Energy requirements of different categories of people Measurements of energy Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR): determination and factors affecting	 Lecture cum discussion Explaining using chartso Exercise Demonstration 	Short answersObjective type
VI	5	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of vitamins	Vitamins	Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts	Short answersObjective type

VII	5		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of minerals	Minerals	 Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts 	Short answersObjective type
VIII	4		Describe the sources, functions and requirements of water & electrolytes	Water & electrolytes O Water: daily requirement, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body water Electrolytes: types, sources, composition of body fluids Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication Electrolyte imbalances	Lecture cum discussion Explaining using charts	Short answersObjective type
IX	6	12	Describe the cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Prepare and serve simple beverages and different types of foods	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrition O Principles, methods of cooking and serving O Preservation of nutrients, safe food handling – toxicity, storage of food, food preservation, food additives and its principles O Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA), food standards O Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session 	 Short answers Objective type Objective type Objective type Objective type

X	7	3	Describe and plan balanced diet for different categories of people	Balanced diet Elements, food groups Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Nutritive value of foods Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people Planning menu Budgeting of food Introduction to therapeutic diets: naturopathy diet	 Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts 	Short answersObjective type
XI	4		Describe various national programmes related to nutrition Describe the role of nurse in assessment of nutritional status and nutrition education	Role of nurse in nutritional Programmes National programmes related to nutrition: Vitamin A deficiency programme, National Iodine Deficiency disorders, (IDD) programme, mid-day meal programme, Integrated child development scheme (ICDS) National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition: NIPCCD, CARE, FAO, NIN, CFTRI (Central food technology and research institute) etc Assessment of nutritional education and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Explaining with Slide/film shows Demonstration of assessment of nutritional status 	Short answersObjective type

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Placement: First year **Time:** Theory –30 hrs

Course Descriptions: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases and practice of nursing

Unit	Time	Learning Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objective		Activities	Methods
I	3	Describe the structure, composition and functions of cell. Differentiate between prokaryote and eukaryote cell	Introduction O Definition and significance in nursing OReview of structure, composition and functions of cell OProkaryote and Eukaryote cell organization	o Lecture cum discussion using charts, slides	Short answer questionObjective type
П	3	Describe the structure and functions of Cell membrane	Structure And Functions Of Cell Membrane Of Fluid mosaic model tight junction, cytoskeleton Transport mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active channel sodium pump (briefly)	oLecture cum discussion	Short answer questionObjective type
III	3	Describe the classification & properties of enzymes and coenzymes	Enzymes and coenzymes O Classification, properties, enzyme inhibition	oLecture cum discussion	Short answer questionObjective type
IV	4	Explain the metabolism of carbohydrates	Composition And Metabolism Of Carbohydrates Classification and functions: monosaccharides, disaccharides, polysaccharides, oligosaccharides. Glycolysis – (steps only)	oLecture cum discussion	Short answer questionObjective type

			 Gluconeogenesis: Cori's cycle (steps only) Tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle Glycogenolysis (steps only) Pentose phosphates, pathways (significance only) Regulation of blood glucose level Diabetes mellitus, blood glucose estimation, GTT Investigations and their interpretations 	o Demonstration of blood glucose monitoring	
V	4	Explain the chemistry and metabolism of lipids	Composition and metabolism of Lipids Classification and properties of fatty acids Importance of prostaglandins Oxidation of fatty acid (steps only) Synthesis of fatty acid (steps only) Cholesterol metabolism (steps only) Compounds formed from cholesterol - bile acids, bile salts, vitamin D, steroid hormones Lipoproteins and their functions: VLDLs - IDLs, LDLs and HDLs (briefly) Atherosclerosis Investigations and their interpretations	 Lecture cum discussion Using charts Demonstration of laboratory tests	Short answer questionObjective type
VI	4	Explain the metabolism of amino acids, proteins and immunochemistry	Composition And Metabolism Of Amino Acids And Protein Chemistry O Metabolism of aminoacids and proteins (transamination reaction)	 Lecture cum discussion using charts Demonstration of laboratory tests 	Short answer questionObjective type

			 Urea Cycle Heme synthesis and break down (steps only) Structure and classification of immunoglobins Investigations and their interpretations 		
VII	4	Vitamins & minerals	 Functions and deficiency manifestation Investigations and their interpretations	 Lecture Discussion using charts Demonstration of laboratory tests 	Short answerObjective type
VIII	3	Acid base regulation	o Blood pH and Regulation	Lecture discussionDemonstrate laboratory tests	Short answerObjective type
IX	2	Chemistry & nucleic acids	 Chemistry of Purine & pyrimidines Structure of DNA, RNA	oLecture cum discussion	

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PSYCHOLOGY

Placement: First year **Time:** Theory – 60 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundamentals of psychology and develop insight into behaviour of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
I	2	Describe the history, scope and methods of psychology	Introduction O History and origin of science of psychology O Definitions & scope of psychology Relevance to nursing Methods of psychology Relation to other fields of study	o Lecture o Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
II	4	Explain the biology of human behaviour	Biology of Behaviour O Body mind relationship, modulation process in health and illness O Genetics and behaviour: heredity and environment O Brain behaviour: nervous system, neurons and synapse. O Association cortex, right and left hemisphere O Psychology of sensations O Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour Nature of behaviour of an organism/integrated responses	o Lecture o Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
III	20	Describe various cognitive processes and their applications	Cognitive Process Output Attention: types, determinants, duration & degree, alterations Output Perception: meaning, principles, factors affecting, errors. Learning: nature, types, learner and learning,	 Lecture Discussion Psychometric assessment Practice sessions 	Essay typeShort answers

			factors influencing laws		1
			factors influencing laws and theories, process, transfer, study habits, factors conducive to effective learning Memory: meaning, types, nature, factors influencing, development, theories and methods of memorizing and forgetting Thinking: types and levels, stages of development, relationship with language and communication Intelligence: meaning, classification, uses, theories Aptitude: concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes Applications		
IV	8	Describe motivation, emotions, stress, attitudes and their influence on behaviour.	Motivation and Emotional Processes Motivation: meaning, concepts, types, theories, motives and behaviour, conflicts and frustration, conflict resolution Emotions & stress Emotions: definition, components, changes in emotions, theories, emotional adjustments, emotions in health and illness Stress: stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation & coping Attitude: Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting Behaviour and attitudes Attitudinal change Psychometric assessments of emotions	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Case discussion Demonstration 	o Essay type o Short answers

			and attitudesAlterations in emotionsApplications		
V	7	Explain the concepts of personality and its influence on behaviour	Personality O Definitions, topography, types, theories Psychometric assessments of personality Characteristics of a healthy personality Alterations in personality Applications	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Essay type Short answers
VI	7	Describe the psychology of people during the life cycle	Developmental Psychology O Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age O Psychology of vulnerable individuals: challenged, women, sick, etc. O Psychology of groups	Lecture,DiscussionCase discussion	Essay typeShort answers
VII	8	Describe the characteristics of mentally healthy person. Explain ego defense mechanisms	Mental Hygiene And Mental Health Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health Characteristics of mentally healthy persons Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Ego defense mechanisms and implications Personal and social adjustments Guidance and counseling Role of nurse		Essay typeShort answers
VIII	4	Explain the psychological assessments and role of nurses	Psychological Assessment & Tests O Types, development O Characteristics, principles, uses, interpretations and role of nurse in psychological assessment	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationPractice sessions	o Assessment of practice

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FOUNDATIONS OF NURSING

Placement: First year **Time:** Theory – 265 hours Lab – 200 hours

Clinical – 450 hours

Course Description This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the nursing profession, philosophy, objectives, theories and application of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in supervised clinical settings.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10	Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies	Health and Illness Health Definition, concept Concept of health illness continuum Factors influencing health Illness Definition Causes and risk factors for developing illness Illness and illness behaviour Impact of illness on patient and family Health Care Services Health promotion and prevention, primary care, diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation and continuing care Health care teams Types of health care agencies Hospital Definition, types, organization and functions Health promotion and levels of disease prevention Primary health care & its delivery- role of nurse	oLecture oDiscussion oVisit to health care agencies	 Essay type Short Short Objective type
II	10	Explain concept and scope of nursing	Nursing as a Profession Profession O Definition and characteristics Nursing Definition, concepts, philosophy, objectives	 Lecture Discussion Care discussion Role plays	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

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III	4	Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India Explain the admission and discharge	Concepts in Nursing Core-care-cure concept, patient centered approach, comprehensive nursing, holistic approach Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice Functions of a nurse Qualities of a nurse Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession History of nursing in India, trends in nursing Values Definition, types and values in professional Nursing: caring and advocacy Ethics: Definition and ethical principles Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurse Legal aspects in nursing Hospital Admission And Discharge Admission to the Hospital	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay type Short answers
		Performs admission and discharge procedure	 Unit and its preparation, admission bed Admission procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the Hospital Types: planned discharge, LAMA & abscond, referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and responsibilities of the nurse Care of the unit after discharge 	 Lab practice Supervised clinical practice 	 Objective type Assess skills with check list Clinical practical examination

IV	10	Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations projecting professional image Appreciate the importance of patient teaching in nursing	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship Communication: Levels, elements, types, modes, process, factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication - attending skills Rapport building skills Empathy skills Barriers to effective communication Helping Relationships (NPR) Johari Window Dimensions of helping relationships, phases of a helping relationship. Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations with special reference to communicating with vulnerable group (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) Patient Teaching: Importance, purposes, process, role of nurse and integrating teaching in nursing process	 Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on the nurses interacting with the patient Practice session on patient teaching Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type
V	10	Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process	The Nursing Process Critical Thinking And Nursing Judgment: O Critical thinking, thinking and learning, competencies, attitudes for critical thinking, levels of critical thinking in nursing Nursing process overview O Definition, steps O Application in practice O Nursing process format O Assessment: collection of data, types, sources, methods, formulating nursing judgment, data interpretation	o Lecture o Discussion o Demonstration o Exercise o Supervised clinical practice	 Essay type Short Short Objective type

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		Documents nursing process as per the format	 Nursing diagnosis: identification of client problems, statement, difference between medical and nursing diagnosis Planning: establishing priorities, establishing goals and expected outcomes, selection of interventions, protocols and standing orders Writing the nursing care plan Implementing the plan of care Evaluation Outcome of care Review and modify Documentation and reporting 		
VI	6	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	Documentation and Reporting Documentation Purposes of recording and reporting Communication within the health care team, Records Purpose Types of records: ward records, medical/nursing records Keeping forms, computerized documentation Guidelines for reporting: factual basis, accuracy, completeness, correctness, Organization, confidentiality Methods of recording Reporting - Nurses report Change of shift reports, transfer reports, incident reports Minimizing legal liability through effective record keeping	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Objective type
VII	15	Describe the principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs.	Vital Signs Guidelines For Taking Vital Signs Body Temperature: O Physiology, regulation, factors affecting temperature	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

VIII	20	Monitor and maintain records of vital signs	 Assessment of body temperature: site, equipment and technique, special considerations Temperature alterations: hyperthermia, heat stroke, hypothermia Care of patients having alternations in temperature. Assessment and management of hyper and hypothermia Pulse: Physiology and regulation, characteristics of the pulse, factors affecting Sites, location, equipment, technique, special considerations, alterations in pulse. Respiration: Physiology and regulation, mechanics of breathing, characteristics, factors affecting respiration; assessment of respirations, technique, special considerations, Alterations in respiration: (distress): types, assessment, and management. Blood Pressure Physiology and regulation, characteristics of blood pressure Assessment of blood pressure: sites, equipment and technique, special considerations, Alterations in blood pressure: sites, equipment and technique, special considerations, Alterations in blood pressure. Recording of vital signs. 	 Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on the nurses interacting with the patient Practice session on patient teaching Supervised clinical practice 	o Assess with checklist and clinical practical examina -tion
VIII	20	Describe purpose and process of health assessment Describe the health assessment of each body system	Health Assessment O Purposes O Process of health assessment O Health history O Physical Examination: Methods: inspection, palpation, percussion, auscultation, olfaction	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice on simulators Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

IX 3	Describe the types and care of machinery, equipment and linen	 Preparation for examination: patient and unit, general assessment, assessment of each body system, recording of health assessment Machinery, Equipment And Linen Types: disposable and reusable: linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastic, furniture, machinery. Introduction: Indent, maintenance, inventory. 	o Lecture o Discussion	 Essay type Short Short Objective type
X 3	Describe principles and techniques for infection control and biomedical waste management in supervised clinical settings	Infection Control: Settings Infection Control: Nature of infection Chain of infection, Transmission, Defenses against infection: natural and acquired Hospital acquired infection (Nosocomial infection) Concepts of Asepsiso Medical and surgical asepsis Isolation Precautions- (Barrier nursing) Hand washing: simple hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub) Isolation: source and protective Personal protecting, equipment: types, uses and techniques of wearing and removing. Decontamination of equipment and unit Transportation of infected patients Standard safety precautions (Universal precautions) Transmission based precautions	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assess Skills with check list Clinical practical examination

			 Biomedical waste management Importance Types of hospital waste Hazards associated with hospital waste Decontamination of hospital waste Segregation transportation and disposal Hospital Infection Control Committee- Nurse's Role 		
XI	70	Describe the basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient	Meeting Needs Of PatientBasic Needs (Activities Of Daily Living) i. Provide Safe And Clean Environment O Physical environment: temperature, humidity, noise, ventilation, light, odor, pests control. O Reduction of physical hazards: fire, accidents O Safety devices: restraints, side rails, airways, trapeze, etc O Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment: patient environment, room equipment and linen, making patient beds O Types of beds and bed making i. Comfort O Factors influencing comfort O Comfort devices ii. Hygiene O Factors influencing hygienic practice O Hygienic care of the skin: bath and pressure points, feet and nail, oral cavity, hair care, eyes, ears, and nose O Assessment, principles, types, equipment, procedure, special considerations.	O Lecture O Discussion	 Essay type Short Answers Objective Type

	Describe the principles and techniques for meeting basic physiological needs	Physiological Needs i. Sleep and Rest O Physiology of sleep O Factors affecting sleep O Promoting rest and sleep O Sleep disorders ii. Nutrition O Importance O Factors affecting nutritional needs O Assessment of nutritional needs: variables O Meeting nutritional needs: principles, equipment, procedure and special consideration O Oral Enteral: Naso/orogastric gastrostomy parenteral O Treatment related to GIT system O Nasogastric suction. iii. Urinary Elimination O Review of physiology of urine elimination, composition and characteristics of urine, factors influencing urination Alteration in urinary elimination Alteration of urine incontinence assessment and management O Types and collection of urine specimen O Observation, urine testing O Facilitating urine elimination, assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed pan Condom drainage Perineal care Catheterization Care of urinary drainage Bladder irrigation		
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	iv. Bowel Elimination	
	o Review of physiology of	
	bowel elimination	
	o Composition and	
	characteristics of faeces	
	o Factors affecting bowel	
	elimination	
	Alteration in bowel	
	elimination: constipation,	
	diarrohea, faecal impaction,	
	nursing management.	
	 Types and collection of 	
	specimen of faeces,	
	observation	
	o Facilitating bowel	
	elimination	
	o Assessment	
	 Equipment, procedures and special considerations 	
	 Passing of flatus tube 	
	Enemas	
	• Suppository	
	Suppository Sitz bath	
	Bowel wash	
	V. Mobility and Immobility	
	o Principles of body	
	mechanics	
	Maintenance of normal	
	body alignment and	
	mobility	
	Hazards associated with	
	immobility	
	Alteration in body alignment and mobility	
	o Nursing interventions for	
	impaired body alignment	
	and mobility assessment,	
	types, devices used,	
	methods and special	
	consideration, rehabilitation	
	aspects	
	Range of motion	
	exercises	
	Maintaining body	
	Alignment: positions	
	Moving	
	Lifting	
	_	
	TransferringWalking	
	Restraints	
	Restraints	

			 Care of patients having alteration in mobility 	
			 Assessment of patient 	
			having alteration in mobility	
			Assessment of self care	
			ability and special	
			consideration	
			vi.Oxygenation	
			 Review of cardiovascular 	
			and respiratory physiology	
			 Factors affecting 	
			oxygenation	
			o Alterations in oxygenation	
			o Nursing interventions in	
			oxygenation: assessment,	
			types, equipment used,	
			procedure and special consideration.	
			Maintenance of patent	
			airway	
			Oxygen administration	
			 Chest physiotherapy and 	
			postural drainage	
			 Care of chest drainage 	
			 Pulse oximetry 	
			 CPR-Basic Life support 	
			vii. Fluid, Electrolyte, and	
			Acid Base Balances	
			o Review of physiological	
			regulation of fluid	
			electrolyte, and acid base balances	
			 Assessment, types, equipment procedure and 	
			special considerations	
			Measuring fluid	
			intake and output.	
			 Correcting fluid 	
			electrolyte imbalance,	
			replacement of fluids:	
			oral and parenteral,	
			venipuncture	
			o Regulating IV Flow rates,	
			changing IV solutions	
			and tubing, changing IV	
			dressing	
			viii. Blood Transfusion	
			o Indications	
			o Blood grouping and cross	
			matching	
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		Psychosocial needs of patient Perform nursing assessment, plan, implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient	 Principles and techniques Complications Nurses' responsibilities ix. Psychosocial Needs Concepts of cultural diversity, stress and adaptation, self-concept, sexuality, spiritual health, coping with loss, death and grieving Assessment of psychosocial needs Nursing intervention for psychosocial needs Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment X. Recreational and Diversional Therapies 		
XII	40	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between system of measurements	Administration of Medications i. General Principles/ considerations O Purposes of medication Principles: Five (5) rights, special considerations, prescriptions, safety in administering medications and medication errors Drug forms Routes of administration storage and maintenance of drugs and nurses responsibility Broad classification of drugs Therapeutic effect, side effects, toxic effects, idiosyncratic reactions, allergic reactions, drug tolerance, drug interactions. Factors Influencing drug actions Systems of drug measurement: metric system, apothecary system, household measurements solutions	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

Administer drugs	o Converting measurements	
by the following	units: conversion within one	
routes: oral,	system, conversion between	
intradermal,	systems, dosage	
subcutaneous,	calculation,	
intramuscular,	oTerminologies and	
intra venous	abbreviations used in	
topical, inhalation	prescriptions of medications	
	ii. Oral Drugs Administration	
	o Oral, sublingual and buccal:	
	equipment, procedure	
	iii. Parenteral	
	o General principles:	
	decontamination and	
	disposal of syringes and needles	
	o Types of parenteral	
	therapies	
	o Types of syringes, needles,	
	canula, and infusion sets	
	o Protection from needle stick	
	injuries: giving medications	
	with a safety syringe.	
	o Routes of parenteral	
	therapies	
	 Intradermal: purpose, 	
	site, equipment,	
	procedure, special	
	considerations	
	• Subcutaneous:	
	purpose, site,	
	equipment, procedure,	
	special considerations	
	• Intramuscular:	
	purpose site,	
	equipment, procedure,	
	special considerations	
	• Intravenous: purpose, site	
	equipment procedure,	
	special considerations.	
	Advanced techniques:	
	epidural, intrathecal, intra	
	ossoeus, intra peritoneal,	
	intraplural, intrarterial.	
	o Role of nurse	
	iv. Topical Administration	
	o Purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special	
	consideration	
	Application to skin	
	o Application to mucous	
	membrane	
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		Administer drugs by the following routes: oral, intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intra venous topical, inhalation	 Direct application of liquids: gargle and swabbing the throat Insertion of drug in to body cavity; suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina Instillations: ear, eye, nasal, bladder and rectal Irrigations: eye, ear, bladder, vaginal and rectal. Spraying: nose and throat V. Inhalation Nasal, oral, endotracheal/ tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications): purpose, types, equipment, procedure, special considerations Recording and reporting of medications administered. 		
XIII	5	Explain the principles, classifications and therapeutic uses of heat and cold	 Therapeutic Uses Of Heat And Cold General principles, classification Hot application: effect on the body Classification: hot water bag, infrared therapy, fomentation, Sitz bath, hypo and hyperthermic measures. Cold application: cold compress, ice cap, tepid sponge Nurses' responsibility in heat and cold applications. 	oLecture oDiscussion oDemonstration oPractice session oSupervised clinical practice	 Essay type Short Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination
XIV	10	Describe the pre and postoperative care of patients. Explain the process of wound healing Explain the principles and techniques of wound care.	Meeting needs of Perioperative Patients O Definition and concept of perioperative nursing. Preoperative phase: preparation of patient for surgery. Intraoperative: operation theatre setup and environment, role of nurse Postoperative phase: recovery unit, postoperative unit, postoperative care	oLecture oDiscussion oDemonstration oPractice session oSupervised clinical practice	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

		Perform care of wounds.	 Care of the wound: types, equipment, procedure and special considerations: dressings, Suture care: care of drainage. 		
XV	5	Explain the care of patients having alterations in body functioning	Meeting Special Needs Of The Patient Care of Patients Having Alterations in: Sensorium (unconsciousness): assessment, management. Functioning of sensory organs (visual & hearing impairment): assessment of self—care ability, communication methods and special considerations. Mobility (physically challenged, cast): assessment of self-care ability, communication methods and special considerations. Mental state (mentally challenged): assessment of self-care ability; communication methods and special considerations. Comfort (pain): nature, types, factors influencing pain, coping, assessment, management.	 Lecture Discussion Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Objective type
XVI	5	Explain the care of terminally ill patient	 Care of terminally ill patient Concepts of loss, grieving process Signs of clinical death Care of dying patient: special consideration Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donation etc. Medico-legal issues Care of dead body Equipment, procedure and care of unit Autopsy Embalming 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case, discussion / role play Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short

XVII 5	Explain concepts, models and theories. Introduce theories in Nursing	Professional Nursing Concepts And Practices Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice: Introduction to models: holistic, health belief, health promotion etc. Introduction to Theories in Nursing: Abdellah, Henderson's, Orem's, Neuman's, Roger's, Roy's, and Maslow.	oLecture oDiscussion	 Essay type Short
XVIII 17	Explain the principles of first aid. Demonstrate application of bandages	First Aid Nursing Definition, preparation of equipment, qualification of a first aider, application of bandages and slings. Shifting of patients with spine dislocation, padding and splinting fractured limbs. First aid measures and antidotes in poisoning Immediate care of patients with snakebite, rabid dog bite, burns, scalds, frost bite, sunstroke, first aid and nursing management in simple emergencies Common accidents, preventive measures emergency care of poisoning wounds: poisoning, foreign body in the eye, ear, nose & throat Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	oLecture oDiscussion oDemonstration	 Short answers Multiple choice Objective type

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FOUNDATIONS OF NURSING - PRACTICAL

Placement: First year Time: Practical
Lab: 200 Hours

Clinical: 450 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in clinical settings

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Demonstration lab, general medical and surgery ward	450 (Minimum practice	Perform admission and discharge procedure	Hospital Admission And Discharge Admission Prepare unit for new patient Prepare admission bed Perform admission procedure New patient Transfer in Prepare patient records Discharge/Transfer Out Give discharge counselling Perform discharge procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, referrals and transfers) Prepare records of discharge/transfer Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge/transfer History taking, nursing diagnosis, problem list, prioritization, goals & expected outcomes, selection of interventions Write nursing care plan Gives care as per the plan		O Evaluate with checklist O Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale O Completion of practical record O Assessment of nursing process records with checklist.

Prepare nursing care plan as per the nursing process format o verbal communication techniques of Prepare and patient patient prepare and patient reports of Prepare and patient reports of Prepare and patient reports of Signs of Palpation of Communication techniques of Shift reports, incident reports of Prepare and patient preports of Prepare and patient reports of Signs of Prepare and patient reports of Signs of Prepare and patient signs of Person assessment of Signs of Prepare and patient signs of Prepare and patient of Communication techniques of Shift reports, incident reports of Prepare and patient prepared interpret alteration in body temperature, pulse, respiration and blood pressure Health Assessment of Somotion of Palpation of Communication of Communication techniques of Shift reports, incident reports of Prepare and Prepare Patient's Unit of Prepare Patient's Unit of Prepare beds: open, closed, occupied, operation, amputation, cardiac, fracture, burn, divided & Fowler's bed of Pain assessment and provision for comfort Use comfort devices
hygienic care: o Oral hygiene o Baths and care of

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
			Feeding O Oral, enteral Naso/orogastric gastrostomy and parenteral feeding Naso-gastric insertion, suction, and irrigation Assisting Patient In Urinary Elimination Provide urinal/bed pan Condom drainage Perineal care Catheterization Care of urinary drainage Bladder irrigation Assisting Bowel Elimination Insertion of flatus tube Enemas Insertion of suppository Bowel wash Body Alignment And Mobility Range of motion exercises Positioning: recumbent, lateral (rt/lt) Fowler's, Sim's, Lithotomy, Prone, Trendelenburg position Assist patient in moving, lifting, transferring walking Restraints Oxygen Administration Suctioning: oropharyngeal, nasopharyngeal CPR-basic life support Intravenous therapy Collect/assist for collection of specimens for investigations urine, sputum, faeces vomitus, blood and other body fluids	 Simulated exercise on CPR manikin 	Assessment of each skill with rating scale Completion of activity record

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Department of infection control & CSSD		Perform infection control procedures Administer drugs safely	 Perform lab tests. Urine: sugar, albumin acetone Blood: sugar (with strip/glucometer) Hot and cold applications: local and general Sitz bath Communicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patients Communicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenged/disturbed patients Recreational and diversional therapies Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium Infection Control Perform following procedures: Hand washing techniques: (simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub) Prepare isolation unit in lab/ward Practice technique of wearing and removing personal protective equipment (PPE) Practice Standard safety precautions (universal precautions) Decontamination of equipment and unit: - sterilization Handling sterilized equipment Calculate strengths of lotions 	 Observation study-2 Visits CSSD, write observation report Collection of samples for culture. Clinical posting in infection control departmen t and write report Practice in lab/ward 	

	sment thods
Prepare lotions Care of articles Administration of medications Administer medications in different forms and routes Oral, sublingual and buccal Parenteral: intradermal subcutaneous, intramuscular etc. Assist with intra venous medications Drug measurements and dose calculations Preparation of lotions and solutions Administers topical applications Insertion of drug into body cavity: suppository and medicated packing Instillation of medicine and spray into ear, eye, nose and throat Irrigation: eye, ear, bladder, vagina and rectum Inhalations: dry and moist Care of dying patient Caring and packing of dead body Counsel land support relatives Terminal care of the unit	

Clinical Assignments

- 1) Nursing assessment 2 (On prescribed assessment format)
- 2) Nursing Care plans 2
- 3) Nursing Care plan Presentation –1
- 4) Daily Dairy
- 5) Drug file, discussion book
- 6) Procedure book
- 7) Practical record

Evaluation

- 1. Theory: Three sessional examinations 50 X 3 = 150 Average in 50
- 2. Clinical
 - Ongoing assessment 50
 - Clinical assignment 25
 - Internal Practical 25

Total 100

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- 3) Patricia A. Potter, Anne Griffin Perry, Basic nursing, essentials for practice, Mosby 5th ed; 1999.
- 4) Caroline Bunker Rosdahl "Text book of basic nursing" 7th ed, Lippincott
- 5) Patricia A. Potter, Anne Griffin Pemy "Basic nursing theory and practice" Mosby, St. Louis 3rd ed.
- 6) Fundamentals of nursing a procedure manual TNAI- Published by TNAI; 2005.

ENGLISH

Placement: First year Time: 60 Hours

Course Description: The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10	Speak and write grammatically correct English	 Review of grammar. Remedial study of grammar. Building vocabulary. Phonetics. Public speaking 	 Demonstrate use of dictionary Class room conversation Exercise on use of grammar Practice in public speaking 	Objective typeFill in the blanksPara phrasing
II	30	Develop ability to read, understand and express meaning fully, the prescribed text	 Read and comprehend prescribed course books 	Exercise on: o Reading o Summarizing o Comprehension	Short answersEssay type
III	10	Develop writing skills	 Various forms of composition Letter writing Note taking Précis writing Anecdotal records Diary writing Reports on health problems etc. Resume/CV 	Exercise on writing Letter writing Nurses' note Précis Diary Anecdote Health problems Story writing Resume/CV Essay writing Discussion on written reports/documents.	o Assessmen t of the skills based on the check list
IV	6	Develop skill in spoken English	Spoken English Oral report Discussion Debate Telephonic conversation	Exercise on: O Debating O Participating in seminar, panel, symposium O Telephonic conversation	o Assessmen t of the skills based on the check list
V	4	Develop skill in listening comprehension	Listening Comprehension o Media, audio, video, speeches, etc.	Exercise on: o Listening to audio, video, tapes and identify the key points	o Assessmen t of the skills based on the check

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- 3. Cambridge English pronouncing dictionary, latest edition.
- 4. Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji. Developing communication skills. Mc. Millan publishers.
- 5. Rizwi. M. Ashraf. Effective technical communication. New Delhi. Tata Mc Graw Hill publishing company.
- 6. Vocabulary booster. Hydrabad. Neelkamal Publications.

REGIONAL LANGUAGE

Placement: First year Time: 30 hours

I. Grammer

1. dÉçÏÞ·¢ (Voice)

ÕÞμc¢ (The sentence)
 ÖÌíÆÕßÍÞ·¢ (Parts of speech)

4. I¶cÞÈ¢ - ¥ÈbÞ¶cÞÈ¢
 5. ÕβÇβ - Èβç×Ç¢
 6. ç°ÞÆc¢ øâÉ¢ ÎÞxáμ
 7. ÕÞμcÖáiβ, ÉÆÖáiβ
 (Correction of syllabus)

8. $\grave{e}\ddot{O}\ddot{U}\beta\mu Z$ (Idioms)

9. µæJÝáJí (Letter writing – personal, official matters connection with

daily life)

10. ©ÉÈcÞØø°È (Essay writing – on topics of every day life)

II. Literature Part

- 1. Poetry
- 2. Prose

I. Grammer

- 1. Transformation of Sentences (Active and Passive voice, Simple Compound, Direct and Indirect)
- 2. Correction of sentence (Grammatical and Idiomatic)
- 3. Vocabulary Building
- Composition
 (Idioms and Proverbs, Letter writing, short essay)

II. Literature

Poetry - Prose

Introduction to Computer Application

Placement: First year Time : 45 hours
Theory : 15 hours

Practical: 30 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing

Unit	Time (Hrs) Th. Pr	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
I	3	Identify & define various concepts used in computerIdentif y application of computer in nursing	Introduction O Concepts of computers O Hardware and software O Trends and technology O Application of computers in nursing	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts Panel discussion 	Short answer questionsObjective type
П	6 20	Describe and use the Disk Operating System (DOS)Demonstrate skill in the use of MS office	Introduction to Disk Operating System O DOS Windows (all version) MS Word MS Excel with pictorial presentation MS- Access MS-PowerPoint	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationPractice session	 Short answers Objective type Practical exam
III	2 3	Demonstrate skill in using multimedia Identify features of computer aided teaching and testing	 Multimedia: types & uses Computer aided teaching & testing 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Short answersObjective typePractical exam and viva voice
IV	1 3	Demonstrate use of internet and Email	Use of Internet and e-mail	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Short answersObjective typePractical exam and viva voice
V	2 2	Describe and use the statistical packages	 Statistical packages: types and their features 	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationPractice Session	Short answersObjective typePractical exam and viva voice
VI	1 2	Describe the use of Hospital Management System	 Hospital management system: types and uses Electronic patient records 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Short answers Objective type Practical exam and viva voice

References

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- 2. H. Dominic Cvvey & Neil Harding Mc Alister, Computers in the practice of medicine' vol I & II, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc; 1980.
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Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) - I

Placement: Second year Time: Theory – 210 hours

Practical – 760 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activity	Methods
I	15	Appreciate the trends in medical and surgical nursing Describe the role of a nurse in caring for adult patient in hospital and community Describe the concepts of medical surgical asepsis	Introduction Introduction to medical surgical nursing: evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing Review of concepts of health and illness diseases – concepts, causations, classification – International Classification Diseases (ICD – 10 or later version), acute, chronic & terminal illness, stages of illness Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions based on nursing process Role of nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical settings Outpatient department Inpatient unit Intensive care unit Home and community settings Introduction to medical surgical asepsis Inflammation and infection Immunity Wound healing Care of surgical patient Pre-operative Intra operative Intra operative	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list

п	15	Describe the common signs, symptoms problems and their specific nursing interventions.	Common Signs And Symptoms And Management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Vomiting Dyspnea and cough, respiratory obstruction Fever Shock Unconsciousness, syncope Pain Incontinence Edema Age related problems-geriatric	 Lecture Discussion Seminar Case discussion 	Short answersObjective type
	20	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of respiratory systems	Nursing Management Of Patients (Adults Including Elderly) With Respiratory Problems) Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of adults including elderly with Upper respiratory tract infections Bronchitis Asthma Emphysema Empyema Atelectasis Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Pulmonary tuberculosis Lung abscess Pleural effusion Cysts and tumors	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/presentation 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment problem

			 Chest injuries Respiratory arrest and insufficiency Pulmonary embolism Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders 		
IV	20	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients (adult including elderly) with disorders of digestive systems	Nursing Management Of Patients (Adult Including Elderly) With Disorders Of Digestive System O Review of anatomy and physiology of digestive system O Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical management of disorders of: Oral cavity: lips, gums, tongue, salivary glands and teeth. Oesophagus: inflammation stricture, obstruction, bleeding and tumors Stomach and duodenum: hiatus hernia, gastritis, peptic and duodenal ulcer, bleeding, tumors, pyloric stenosis Small intestinal disorders: inflammation and infection, enteritis, malabsorption, obstruction, tumor and perforation Large intestinal disorders: colitis, inflammation and infection, obstruction and tumor and lump Hernias Appendix: inflammation, mass, abscess, rupture	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised practice Drug book/presentation 	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment problem

			 Anus & rectum: hemorrhoids, fissures, fistulas Peritonitis/acute abdomen Pancreas: inflammation, cyst abscess and tumors Liver: inflammation, cyst, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors Gall bladder: inflammation obstruction, stones and tumors Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system 		
V	30	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with blood and cardio vascular problems Describe the vascular conditions and its nursing management	Nursing Management Of Patient (Adults Including Elderly) With Blood And Cardio Vascular Problems Review of anatomy and physiology of blood and cardio vascular system Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of Vascular system: Hypertension Hypotension Artherosclerosis Raynaud's disease Aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Heart Coronary artery disease r Ischemic heart disease r Coronary atherosclerosis r Angina pectoris r Myocardial infarction	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/presentation Visit to blood bank Participation in blood donation camps Counseling 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment problem

					1
VI	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology,	 Alternative therapies nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders Nursing Management Of Patient (Adults Including	LectureDiscussionExplain using	Essay typeShortanswers
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of genitor-urinary system.	Urinary Problems O Review of anatomy and physiology of genito- urinary system O Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of: • Nephritis • Nephrotic syndrome	charts, graphs	 Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem
			 Nephrosis Renal calculus Tumors Acute renal failure Chronic renal failure End stage renal disease Dialysis, renal transplant Congenital disorders, urinary infections Benign prostate hypertrophy Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and urethra inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction tumor, prostrate Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of 		
VII	5	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and	Nursing Management Of Disorders Of Male (Adults Including Elderly) Reproductive System O Review of anatomy and physiology of male reproductive system	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Demonstration 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type Assessment skills

		nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of male reproductive system	 Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestation diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system such as: Congenital malformations: cryptorchidism, hypospadiasis, epispadiasis. Infections Testes and adjacent structures Penis Prostate: inflammation, infection, hypertrophy tumor Sexual dysfunction Infertility Contraception Breast: gynecomastia, tumor Climacteric changes Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of male reproductive system 	0 0 0	Practice session Case discussion/ seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Disaster management drills Drug book/ presentation	with check list Assessment of patient management problem
VIII	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine system	Nursing Management Of Patient (Adults Including Elderly) With Disorders Of Endocrine System O Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system O Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of: Disorders of thyroid and	000 0 000 00 0	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/ seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessmen f skills with check list Assessment of patient manage ment problem

			parathyroid	o Visit to old age home	
IX	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of skin	Nursing Management Of Patient (Adult Including Elderly) With Disorders Of Integumentary System O Review of anatomy and physiology of skin and its appendages O Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of skin and its appendages. Lesions and abrasions Infection and infestations, dermatitis Dermatoses, infectious and non infectious "inflammatory dermatoses" Acne vulgaris Allergies and eczema Psoriasis Malignant melanoma Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type

X		1		1		1
etiology, patient (adult including pathophysiology, clinical problems panifestations, diagnostic problems probl			etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of musculoskeletal system	Patient (Adult Including Elderly) With Musculoskeletal Problems O Review of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system ONursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of: Disorders of: Muscles, ligaments and inflammation, infection, trauma Bones inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumor and trauma Osteomalacia and osteoporosis Arthritis Congenital deformities Spinal column: defects and deformities, tumor, prolapsed inter vertebral disc, pott's spine Paget's disease Amputation Prosthesis Transplant & replacement surgeries Rehabilitation Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of	 Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Practice session Case discussion/seminar 	 Short Answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment
	XI	10	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic	patient (adult including elderly) with immunological problems o Review of immune system o Nursing assessment: history	 Practice session Case discussion/ seminar Health education Supervised 	Short

		nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of immunological system	 Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of: Immunodeficiency disorder Primary immuno deficiency Phagocytic dysfunction B-cell and T-cell deficiencies Secondary immuno deficiencies Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) Incidence of HIV & AIDS Epidemiology Transmission-prevention of transmission Standard safety precautions Role of nurse, counseling Heath education and home care consideration National AIDS control program—NACO, various national and international agencies Infection control program Rehabilitation Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of immunological system 	O Drug book/ presentation O Orientation visit to hospital control system	with check list Assessmen t of patient management problem
XII	20	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of	Nursing Management Of Patient (Adult Including Elderly) With Communicable Diseases Overview of infectious disease, the infectious process Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Practice session Case discussion/seminar 	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list

		patients (adults including elderly) with communicable disease	oEpidemiology, infectious process, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment, prevention and dietetics, control and eradication of common communicable diseases: Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal diseases Hepatitis A-E Herpes Chickenpox Smallpox Typhoid Meningitis Gas gangrene Leprosy Dengue Plague Malaria Diphtheria Pertussis Poliomyelitis Measles Mumps Influenza Tetanus Yellow fever Filariasis HIV, AIDS Reproductive tract infections Special infection control measures notification, isolation, quarantine, immunization, infectious disease hospitals Special therapies, alternative therapies ONursing procedures Orugs used in treatment of communicable diseases	 Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation 	o Assessment of patient management problem
XIII	25	Describe the organization and physical setup of operation theaterIdentify the various instruments and equipments and equipments used	Peri-operative Nursing: Organization and physical setup of the operation theater (OT): Classifications O.T. Design Staffing Members of the OT team	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Practice session Case discussion/seminar 	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list

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for used for common surgical proceduresDescribe the infection control measures in the operation theatreDescribe the role of the nurse in the peri-operative nursing care.	 Duties and responsibilities of nurse in O.T. Principles of health and operating room attire Instruments Sutures and suture materials Equipment O.T. tables and sets for common surgical procedures Positions and draping for common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures Gowning and gloving Preparation of O.T. sets Monitoring the patient during surgical procedures Maintenance of therapeutic environment in O.T. Standard safely measures Infection control, fumigation, disinfection and sterilization Biomedical waste management Prevention of accidents and hazards in O.T. Anesthesia Types Methods of administration Effects and stages Equipment Drugs Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Pain management techniques Legal aspects Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of male reproductive system 	O Health education O Drug book/ presentation	

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MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING (ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRICS) – I (Practical)

Placement: Second year Time: 760 hours

Areas	Duration (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
General medical ward (respiratory, GI, endocrine, renal hematology)	6	Provide nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of the Patient Taking history Perform general and specific physical examination Identify alterations and deviations Practice medical surgical asepsis: standard safety measures Administer medications Oral, IV, IM subcutaneous IV therapy IV canulation Maintenance and monitoring Oxygen therapy by different methods Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Nasogastric feeding Assist in common diagnostic procedures Perform/assist in therapeutic procedures Perform/assist in therapy Throat suctioning Collect specimens for common investigations Maintain elimination Catheterization Bowel wash Enema Urinary drainage Maintain intake, output and documentation Counsel and teach: related to specific disease conditions	 Plan and give care to 3 - 4 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 2 Nursing case study/ present ation - 1 Drug present ation - 1 Maintain drug book Maintain practical record book 	O Assess performance with rating scale O Assess each skill with checklist O Evaluation of case study/ presentatio n O Completion of practical record

General surgical ward (GI, urinary CVTS)	6	Provide pre and post operative nursing care to adult patients with surgical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of the Patient O Practice medical surgical asepsis: standard safety measures O Preoperative preparation of patients O Post operative care: receiving patient, assessment, monitoring, care O Care of wounds and drainage O Suture removal O Ambulation and exercise O Nasogastric aspiration O Care of chest drainage O Ostomy care O Gastrostomy Colostomy Enterostomy Practice universal precautions	o Plan and give care to 3 - 4 assigned patients o Nursing care plan - 2 o Nursing case study/ present ation - 1 o Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluatio n of case study/ presentation Completion of practical record
Cardiology ward	2	Provide nursing care to patients with cardiac disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of the Patient O Physical examination of the CVS O Recording and interpreting ECG O Monitoring of patients O Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnostic procedures O Administer cardiac drugs O Cardio pulmonary resuscitation O Teach patients and families O Practice medical and surgical asepsis: standards safety measures	 Plan and give care to 3 - 4 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Nursing case study/ presentation/ health talk -1 Maintain drug book 	o Assess performance with rating scale o Assess each skill with checklist o Evaluation of case study/ presentation /health talk oCompletion of practical record

Skin & communicable diseases ward	1	Identify skin problems Provide nursing care to patients with skin disorders & communicable diseases Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of the Patient With Skin Disorders O Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures O Administer topical medication O Practice medical surgical asepsis: standard safety measures O Use of personal protective equipment (PPE) O Give medicated baths O Counseling HIV positive patients O Teach prevention of infectious diseases	 Plan and give care to 2 - 3 assigned patients Health talk/ counseling HIV positive patients and families – 1 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study/ present- ation/health talk Completion of activity record
Orthopedic	2	Provide nursing care to patients with musculo skeletal disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of Orthopedic Patients O Assist in application of plaster cast and removal of cast O Apply skin traction: buck's extension traction O Assist in application and removal of prosthesis O Physiotherapy: range of motion exercise (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises O Crutch maneuvering technique O Activities of daily living O Ambulation O Teach and counsel patients and families	 Plan and give care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan -1 Nursing care study/ presentation-1 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study/ presentation /health talk Completion of activity record
Operation theatre	6	Identify instruments used in common operations Participate in infection control the	 Scrubbing, gowning, gloving, identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations Disinfection, carbolization, fumigation Preparation of instruments sets for common operations 	 Assist as a circulatory nurse in: Major cases − 10 Minor cases − 5 Assist as a scrub nurse in: 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record

operation theatre Set up the table/ trolleys for common operative procedures Assist in giving anesthesia Assist in the operative procedures Provide perioperative nursing care	a Sterilization of sharps and other instruments a Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation a Positioning and monitoring of patients a Endotracheal intubation a Assisting in minor and major operations a Handling specimens a Disposal of waste as per the guidelines	• Major cases -10 • Minor cases - 5 a Maintain drug book	
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PHARMACOLOGY

Placement: Second year Total: 60 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of pharmaco-dynamics, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time (Hrs) Th. Pr	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
I	6	Describe the pharmaco-dynamics, pharmaco kinetics and the principles of admini-stration of drugs.	Introduction to Pharmacology Definitions Sources Terminology used Types: classification Pharmaco-dynamics: actions, therapeutic managements, adverse effects, toxicity of drugs Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion Review: routes and principles of administration of drugs Indian pharmacopoeia: legal issues Rational use of drugs Principles of therapeutics	 Lecture Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answersObjective type
II	8	Explain chemotherapy of specific infections and infestations and nurses' responsibilities	Chemotherapy O Pharmacology of commonly used: Penicillin Cephalosporins Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides Quinolones Antiamoebic Antimalarials Anthelminthics Antiscabies agents Antiviral & antifungal agents Anti tubercular agents Antileprosy agents Anticancer agents	 Lecture Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answersObjective type

disinfectants, insecticides, and nurses' responsibilities	_		1			•
antiseptics, disinfectants, insecticides, and nurses' responsibilities V A Describe drugs used on respiratory	111	2	Dasoribo	suppressants Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and	•	GI .
acting on gastrointestinal system and nurses' responsibilities Antiemetics Emetics Purgatives Antacids Cholinergic Anticholinergics Fluid and electrolyte therapy Antidiarrhoeals Histamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse. V 4 Describe drugs used on respiratory Drugs Used On Respiratory System Drugs study/ Describe drugs used on respiratory Pharmacology of Drugs study/ O Discussion O Discussion O Discussion O Digective typ O Discussion O Discussion O Digective typ O Discussion O Discussion O Digective typ O Digective typ O Digective typ O Discussion O Digective typ O	m	2	antiseptics, disinfectants, insecticides, and nurses'	Commonly Used Antiseptics, Disinfectants And Insecticides O Antiseptics: composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse O Disinfectants	DiscussionDrug study/	Short answersObjective type
drugs used on respiratory	IV	5	acting on gastrointestinal system and nurses'	System O Pharmacology of commonly used: Antiemetics Emetics Purgatives Antacids Cholinergic Anticholinergics Fluid and electrolyte therapy Antidiarrhoeals Histamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and	DiscussionDrug study/	Short answersObjective type
systems and nurses' commonly used: presentation Antiast			Describe	Drugs Used On	o Lecture	o Short answers

		responsibilities	 Mucolytics Decongestants Expectorants Antitussives Bronchodilators Bronchoconstrictors Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse. 		
VI	3	Describe drugs used on urinary systems and nurses' responsibilities	Drugs used on Urinary System O Pharmacology of commonly used: Diuretics and antidiuretics Urinary antiseptics Cholinergic and anticholinergics Acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	 Lecture Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answersObjective type
VII	5	Describe drugs used in de- addiction, emergency, deficiency of vitamins & minerals, poisoning, for immunization and immuno- suppression and nurses' responsibilities	Miscellaneous O Drugs used in deaddiction O Drugs used in CPR and emergency O Vitamins and minerals O Immunosuppressants O Antidotes O Antivenom O Vaccines and sera	 Lecture Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answersObjective type

VIII	3	Describe drugs used on skin and mucous membrane and nurses' responsibilities	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes a Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity, Antipruritics a Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	a Lecture a Discussion a Drug study/ presentation	a Short answers a Objective type
IX	8	Describe drugs used on nervous systems and nurses' responsibilities	Drugs acting on nervous system a Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: • Analgesics and aneasthetics Analgesics: Non –steroidal anti inflammatory (NSAID) drugs • Antipyretics • Hypnotics & sedatives: opioids, non-opioids, tranquilizers, general & local anesthetics • Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide • Cholinergic and anti- cholinergics: Muscle relaxants, major tranquilizers, anti- psychotics, anti- depressants, anticonvulsants, adrenergics, noradrenergics, mood stabilizers, acetyl choline, stimulants a Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	a Lecture a Discussion a Drug study/ presentation	a Short answers a Objective type

X	6	Describe drugs used on cardiovascular systems and nurses' responsibilities	Cardiovascular drugs Hematinics Cardiotonics Anti anginals Anti-hypertensives & vasodilators Anti-arrythmics Plasma expanders Coagulants & anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	o Short answers o Objective type
XI	6	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementat-ion, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy, nurses' responsibilities	Drugs Used For Hormonal Disorders And Supplementation, Contraception And Medical Termination Of Pregnancy Insulins & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid supplements & suppressants Steroids & anabolics Uterine stimulants & relaxants Oral contraceptives Other estrogen- progestrone preparations Corticotrophine & gonadotropines Adrenaline Prostaglandins Calcitonins Calcium salts Calcium regulators Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	O Lecture O Discussion O Drug study/ presentation	Short answers Objective type

XII	4	Demonstrate awareness of the common drugs used in alternative system of	Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine a Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani, and Siddha	a Lecturea Discussiona Observational visits	a Short answers a Objective type
		system of medicine	Unani, and Siddha		

References:

- 1. Tripathi KD. Essentials of medical pharmacology. 5th ed., New Delhi; 2004.
- 2. Baldwin DF, Beck Julie, Berry MT, Carey PL, Carter MM, Denson B, et al, editors. Nursing pharmacology made incredibly easy. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2005.
- 3. Cherencky, Butler WS, Graham, Mother IH, Real world nursing survival guide: drug calculations & drug administration. Philadelphia: WB Saunders; 2002.
- 4. Grover JK, Malik M. Textbook of pharmacology for nurses, 2nd ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers.

PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Theory: 60 hrs Pathology – 45hrs Genetics – 15hrs

Section A: Pathology

Placement: Second year Time: 45 hrs

Theory - 35 Practical -10

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objective		Learning Activities	Method
I	6	Define the common terms used in pathology Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of the body system	Introduction Importance of study of pathology Definition of terms Methods and techniques Cellular and tissue changes Infiltration and regeneration Inflammation and infections Wound healing Vascular changes Cellular growth, neoplasm Benign and malignant growths In situ carcinoma Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte balance	O Lecture O Discussion O Explain using charts	Short answersObjective type
П	15 4	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Special Pathology O Pathologic changes in disease conditions of various system O Respiratory tract Tuberculosis, bronchitis, pleural effusion and pneumonia Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis, bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and tumors	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides, specimen, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	Short answersObjective type

1			
		 Cardio vascular system Pericardial effusion Rheumatic heart disease Infective endocarditis, atehroselerosis Ischemia, infarction and aneurysm Gastro intestinal tract Peptic ulcer, typhoid Carcinoma of GI tract: buccal, esophageal, gastric and intestinal Liver, gallbladder and pancreas Hepatitis, chronic liver abscess, cirrhosis Tumors of liver, gall bladder, pancreas, Cholecystitis Kidneys & urinary tract Pyelonephritis Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma & cystitis Male Genital System: Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy Prostratic hyperplasia, carcinoma penis & prostate Female Genital System: Fibroids Carcinoma cervix and endometrium Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma Ectopic gestation Ovarian cyst & tumors Cancer Breast Central Nervous System: Hydrocephalus, meningitis, encephalitis 	
		encephalitis	
		r	

Ш		3	Dascriba various	 Vascular disorders: thrombosis, embolism Stroke, paraplegia, quadriplegia Tumors, Meningiomas-Gliomas Metastatic tumors Skeletal system Bone healing, osteoporosis, osteomyelitis. Arthritis & tumors 	o Lagtura	a Chart anguara
	6	3	Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions	Clinical Pathology O Various blood and bone marrow tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions: Hemoglobin RBC, white cell & platelet counts Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombin time, Blood grouping and cross matching Blood chemistry Blood culture Serological and immunological tests Other blood tests Examination of bone marrow Methods of collection of blood specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts 	o Short answers o Objective type
IV	5	2	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, transudate and exudates	Examination of Body Cavity Fluids, Transudates And Exudates • The laboratory tests used in CSF analysis • Examination of other body cavity fluids,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answersObjective type

			transudates and exudates: sputum, wound discharge		
			 Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents 		
			 Analysis of semen: sperm count, mobility, morphology and their importance in infertility 		
			o Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values.		
V	_				
	3	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of urine and faeces	Urine and Faeces Urine Physical characteristics Analysis Culture and sensitivity. Faeces Characteristics Stool examination: occult blood ova, parasites, cyst, reducing substance etc Methods of collection for various tests, inference and	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts 	Short answersObjective type

References:

- 1. Kumar V, Cotran SR, Robbins L R. Robbins basic pathology. 7th ed. Philadelphia: WB Saunders; 2003
- 2. Harsh Mohan. Textbook of pathology. 5th ed. New Delhi: Jaypee Publishers; 2005
- 3. Macfarlane SP Reid R, Callendar R. Pathology illustrated. 5th ed. New York: Churchill Living Stone; 2000
- 4. Gutierrez JK, Petersons P G. Real world nursing survival guide: pathophysiology: Philadelphia: WB Saunders; 2002

Section B : **Genetics**

Placement: Second year Time: Theory -15 hours

Course description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases

Unit			Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(H	_	Objective		Learning Activities	Methods
I	3		Explain nature, principles and perspectives of heredity	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple alleles and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanisms of inheritance Errors of transmission (Mutation) 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides 	o Short answers o Objective type
II	3		Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	Maternal, Prenatal And Genetic Influences On Development Of Defects And Diseases	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides, 	Short answersObjective type

			 Effects of radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural tube defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 		
III	2	Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children	Genetic Testing In The Neonates And Children O Screening for Congenital anomalies Developmental delay Dysmorphism	LectureDiscussionExplain using charts, slides,	Short answersObjective type
IV	2	Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	Genetic Conditions Of Adolescents And Adults Cancer genetics: familial cancer Inborn errors of metabolism Blood groups alleles and hematological disorder Genetic hemochromatosis Huntington's disease Mental illness	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides, 	Short answersObjective type
V	5	Describe the role of nurse in genetics services and counselling	Services related to genetics O Genetic testing O Human genome project O Gene therapy O The eugenics movement O Genetic counseling O Legal and ethical issues O Role of a nurse	LectureDiscussion	Short answersObjective type

Reference

- 1. Gangane SD, Human genetics, 3rd Ed. India: Reed Elsevier India Pvt Ltd, 2008.
- 2. Baker Diane, Schnette Jane, A guide to genetic counselling. New York: Wiley-Liss Inc; 1998.
- 3. Patch Skirton H, Genetics for health care professional: a life stage approach. Uk: Bios Scientific Pbls. Ltd.; 2002

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I

Placement: Second year

Time: Theory – 90 hours
Practical – 135 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of health

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning method	Assessment Method
I	2	Describe concept and dimensions of health	Introduction O Community health nursing Definition, concept and dimensions of health Promotion of health Maintenance of health Difference between hospital nursing and community health nursing	o Lecture o Discussion	o Short answers
II	20	Describes determinants of health	Determinants of health Eugenics Environment: Physical: air, housing, sanitation, disposal of waste, disposal of dead bodies, forestation, noise, climate, communication: infrastructure facilities and linkages Acts regulating the environment: national pollution control board Bacterial and viral: agents, host, carriers and immunity Food hygiene: production, preservation, purchase, preparation, consumption, sanitation of eating places and restaurants Acts regulating food hygiene: prevention of food adulteration acts act Socio -cultural Customs, taboos Marriage system Family structure Status of special groups: females, children,	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides Visits to water supply, sewage disposal, milk plants, slaughter houses etc. 	 Essay type, Short answers Objective type

	1			ı	
			elderly, challenged group and sick persons Life style Hygiene including menstrual hygiene Physical activity Recreation and rest Sexual life Spiritual life philosophy Self reliance Dietary pattern Education Coccupation Financial Management Income Budget Purchasing power Security Financing of health care in India Cost containment Improving affordability of health services		
III	10	Describe concept, scope, uses, methods and approaches of epidemiology	 Epidemiology Definition, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemiology Dynamics of disease transmission: epidemiological triad Concept of disease and disease causation Morbidity and mortality measurements Levels of prevention Methods of epidemiology Descriptive Analytical: epidemic investigation Experimental 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides 	Essay typeShort
IV	25	Describe epidemiology and nursing management of common communicable diseases	Epidemiology and nursing management of common communicable diseases O Respiratory infections Small pox Chicken pox Measles Influenza	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts, graphs models, films, slides Seminar 	Essay typeShort answersObjective type

ГТТ		T	
	Rubella ARI's and pneumonia Mumps Diphtheria Whooping cough Meningococcal meningitis Tuberculosis SARS Intestinal infections Poliomyelitis Viral hepatitis Cholera Diarrhoel diseases Typhoid fever Food poisoning Amoebiasis Hook worm infestation Ascariasis Dracunculiasis Arthropod infections Dengue Malaria Filariasis Zoonoses Viral Rabies Yellow fever Japanese encephalitis Kyasnur forest diseas Bacterial Brucellosis Plague Human salmonellosis Anthrax Leptospirosis Rickettsial diseases Rickettsial diseases Rickettsial diseases Rickettsial zoonoses Scrub typhus Murine typhus Tick typhus Q fever Parasitic zoonoses Taeniasis Hydatid disease Leishmaniasis Surface infections Trachoma	o Supervised field practice- health centers, clinics and homes o Group projects/ health education	
	■ Trachoma		
	■ Tetanus ■ Leprosy		

			• STD & RTI • Yaws • HIV/AIDS • Any other		
V	10	Describe epidemiology and nursing management of common non- communicable diseases	Epidemiology And Nursing Management Of Common Non- Communicable Diseases Malnutrition: under nutrition, over nutrition, nutritional deficiencies Anemia Hypertension Stroke Rheumatic heart diseases Coronary heart diseases Cancer Diabetes mellitus Blindness Accidents Mental illness Obesity Iodine deficiency Fluorosis Epilepsy	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts, graphs models, films, slides Seminar Supervised field practice- health centers, clinics and homes Group projects/ health education 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type
VI	6	Describe the concept and scope of demography Describes methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data	 Demography Definition, concept and scope Methods of collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data. Demographic rates and ratios. 	 Lecture discussion Community identification survey 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type Assessment of survey report
VII	17	Identify the impact of population explosion in India	Population and its Control O Population explosion and its impact on social, economic development of individual, society and country O Population control Overall development Women empowerment Social, economic and educational development Limiting family size Promotion of small family norm	 Lecture Discussion Population survey Counseling Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice 	 Essay type Short Answers Objective type Assessment of survey report

Describes methods of population control • Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc) • Terminal: surgical method • Emergency contraception

References

- 1. Park K. Parks' textbook of preventive and social medicine.19th ed. Jabalpur: Bhanot Publishers; 2007.
- 2. Rao KS. An introduction to community health nursing (with special reference to India). 3rd ed. Madras: B. I. Publications; 2004.
- 3. Swarnkar K. Community health nursing.1st ed. Indore: NR Brothers; 2004.
- 4. Stanhope, Lancaster. Community health nursing process and practice for, promoting health, latest ed. St.Louis: Mosby Inc; 2000.
- 5. Nagpal.N. Community health nursing manual. 3rd ed. New Delhi: TNAI Publications.
- 6. Nancy. L, Handbook of family planning and reproductive health care, 3rd ed, Philadelphia Churchill Livingston.
- 7. India –2006. A reference manual; research and training division; Publications Division, Ministry of I & B, Government of India. New Delhi; 2005.
- 8. Jennings MC, Nursing care planning guide to home health care, latest ed: St.Louis Mosby Inc.
- 9. Basavanthappa BT. Nursing administration. New Delhi: JAYPEE; 2005
- 10. Gupta P, Ghai OP. Preventive and social medicine.2nd edi. New Delhi .CBS; 2007
- 11. Prabhakara.GN. Text book of community health for nurse. 1st ed. Delhi: Deepee publication; 2004.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I – PRACTICAL

Placement: Second year Time: Practical – 135 hours

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Community health nursing	2 wks urban and 2 wks rural	Build and maintain rapport Identify demographic characteristics, health determinants and community health resources Diagnose health needs of individual and familiesProvid e primary care in health centreCounsel and educate individual, family and community	a Use techniques of interpersonal relationship a Identification of health determinants of community a History taking a Physical examination a Collect specimens: sputum, malaria smear a Perform simple lab tests at centre: blood for hemoglobin and sugar, urine for albumin and sugar a Administer vaccines and medications to adults a Counsel and teach individual, family and community • Nutrition • Hygiene • Self health monitoring • Seeking health services • Healthy life styles • Family welfare methods • Health promotion	a To work with 2 assigned families each in urban and rural a Family study-1 a Observation report of community-1 a Health talk-2 (1 in urban and 1 in rural)	a Assess clinical performance with rating scale a Assess each skill with checklist a Evaluation of family study, observation report and health talk a Completion of activity record

SOCIOLOGY

Placement: Second Year Time: 60 hours

Theory: 50 hours

Observation visits: 10 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community & social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activity	Assessment Methods
I	2	State the importance of sociology in nursing	Introduction O Definition of sociology O Nature and scope of the discipline O Importance and application of sociology in nursing	Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShortanswers
П	3	Describe the interrelationshi p of individual in society and community	 Individual & Society Society & community Nature of society Difference between society and community Process of socialization and individualization Personal disorganization 	LectureDiscussion	Essay typeShortanswers
Ш	3	Describe the influence of culture on health and disease	 Culture Nature of culture Evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Culture and socialization Transcultural society Influence on health and disease 	 Lecture Discussion Panel discussion	Essay typeShortanswers
IV	4	Identify various social groups and their interactions	Social Groups and Processes The meaning and classification of groups Primary & secondary group In-group v/s out group, class, tribe, caste Economic, political, religious groups, mob, crowd, public and audience interaction & social Processes Co-operation, competition, conflict Accommodation, assimilation & isolation	o Lecture o Discussion	Essay typeShortanswers

V	5	Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health	Population Society and population Population distribution in India: demographic characteristics Malthusian theory of populations Population explosion in India and its impact on health status Family welfare programmes	LectureDiscussionCommunityidentification	 Essay type Short Short answers Assessment feport on community identifica tion
VI	5	Describe the institutions of family and marriage in India	Family and Marriage Family: functions Types: joint, nuclear, blended and extended family: characteristics The modern family: changes, problems, dowry etc, welfare services Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India: marriage acts Marriage: forms and functions of marriage Marriage and family problems in India Family, marriage and their influence on health and health practices	o Lecture o Discussion o Family case study	 Essay type short answers Assessment of family case study
VII	7	Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practices	Social Stratification Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian caste system: origin & features Features of caste in India today Social class system and status Social mobility: meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of primary races- racism Influence of class, caste and race on health and health practices	o Lecture o Discussion o Community survey	o Essay type o Short answers o Assessment of report on community survey

VIII	6	Describe the types of communities in India, their practices and the impact on health	Types of Communities In India (Rural, Urban And Regional) O Features of village community & characteristics of Indian villages panchayat system, social dynamics O Community development project & planning O Changes in Indian rural life Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practices O Urban community: features O The growth of cities Urbanization and its impact on health and health practices Major urban problems: urban slums Region: problems and impact on health	 Lecture Discussion Community survey Visits to rural and urban community 	 Essay type Short Assessment freport on community survey
IX	4	Explain the process of social change	Social change Nature and process of social change Factors influencing social change: cultural change, cultural lag Introduction to theories of social change: linear, cyclical, Marxian, functional Role of nurse: change agents	o Lecture o Discussion	o Essay type o Short answers
X	4	Describe the social system and interrelationshi p of social organizations	Social organization and social system Social organization: elements, types Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation Voluntary associations Social system: definition and types of social system Role and status as structural elements of social system Inter-relationship of institutions	o Lecture o Discussion	 Essay type Short Assessment of visit reports

XI	2	Explain the nature and process of social control	Social Control Nature and process of social control Political, legal, religious, educational, economic Industrial and technological systems, norms & values: folkways & mores, customs, laws and fashion. Role of nurse	LectureDiscussion	 Essay type Short answers
XII	5	Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India	Social Problems Social disorganization Control & planning: poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights of women & children Vulnerable groups: elderly, handicapped, minority groups and other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime, substance abuse, HIV/ AIDS Social Welfare programmes in India Role of nurse	o Lecture o Discussion o Institutional visits	 Essay type short answers Assessment of visit reports

Reference:

- 1. Isidore LM. Sociology & social problems in nursing, St.Louis: C. V. Mosby Company
- 2. Vatsyayan, Principles of Sociology.
- 3. Venkataratnam R. Medial sociology in an Indian setting India:. MC Millan Company in India Ltd.
- 4. Neeraja KP. Textbook of sociology for nursing students. New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers; 2002. 5. Gisbhert, P. Fundamentals of sociology.3rd ed, Kolkota: Orient Longman: 1973.

COMMUNICATION & EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

Placement: Second year Time: 90 Hours
Theory: 60 Hours

Practical: 30 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community health and educational settings

Unit	Time (Hrs) Th. Pr	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5	Describe the communication processIdentify techniques of effective communication	Review of Communication Process Process Elements & channel Facilitators Barriers & methods of overcoming Techniques	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Exercises with audio/video tapes 	 Respond to critical incidents Short answers Objective type
II	5	Establish effective inter personal relations with patients, families & co-workers	 Interpersonal Relations Purpose & types Phases Barriers & methods of overcoming Johari Window 	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Exercises with audio/video tapes Process recording 	Short answersObjective type
III	5	Develop effective human relations in context of nursing	Human Relations O Understanding self O Social behavior, motivation, social attitudes O Individual & groups O Groups & individual O Human relations in context of nursing O Group dynamics O Team work	 Lecture Discussion Sociometry Group games Psychometri c exercises followed by discussion 	 Short answer Objective type Respond to test based on critical incidents
IV	10 5	Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	Guidance & Counseling Definition Purpose, scope & need Basic principles Organization of counseling services Types of counseling approaches	 Lecture Discussion Role play on counseling in different situations followed by discussion 	 Short answer Objective type Assess performanc e in role play situations

				 Role & preparation of counselor Issues for counseling in nursing students & practitioners Dealing with weaker students Counseling process: steps & techniques, tools of counselor Managing disciplinary problems Management of crisis & referral 				
V	5		Describe the philosophy & principles of educationExplain the teaching learning process	Principles of Education & Teaching Learning Process	00000	Lecture Discussion Prepare lesson plan Micro teaching Exercise on writing objectives	0 0 0	Short answer Objective type Assess lesson plans & teaching sessions
VI	10	10	Demonstrate teaching skill using various teaching methods in clinical, classroom & community settings	Methods of Teaching O Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar, symposium, panel discussion, role play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed instruction, computer assisted learning, micro teaching, problem based learning, self instructional module, simulation etc. O Clinical teaching methods: case methods, nursing round & reports, beside clinic, conference (individual & group) process recording	0 0 0	Lecture Discussion Conduct 5 teaching sessions using different methods & media	0 0 0	Short answer Objective type Assess teaching sessions

VII	10	8	Prepare and use different types of educational media effectively	Educational Media O Purpose & types of A.V. aids, principles, sources etc. O Dales cone of experience O Graphics aids, chalk board chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin, cartoon O Three dimensional aid: objects, specimens, models, puppets O Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets O Projected aids: slides, overhead projector, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera, microscope, LCD O Audio aids: tape recorder public address system O Computer	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Prepare different teaching aids: projected & non projected 	 Short answer Objective type Assess the teaching aids prepared
VIII	5	7	Prepare different types of questions for assessment of knowledge, skills & attitudes	Assessment O Purposes, principles & scope of evaluation & assessment O Criteria for selection of assessment techniques & methods O Assessment of knowledge: essay type questions, short answer questions (SAQ), multiple choice questions (MCQ) O Assessment of skills: observation checklist, practical exam, viva, objective structured clinical examination (OSCE) O Assessment of attitudes: attitude scales O Internal assessment O Clinical evaluation methods	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing different types of assessment tools 	 Short answer Objective type Assess the strategies used in practice teaching sessions & exercise sessions

IX	5	Teach individuals, groups & communities about health with their active participation	Information, Education & Communication For Health (Iec) O Health behaviour & health education Planning for health education Health education with individuals, groups & communities Communicating health messages Methods & media for communicating health messages Using mass media	 Lecture Discussion Plan & conduct health education sessions for individuals, group & communities 	 Short answers Objective type Assess the planning & conduct the educational session
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METHODS OF EVALUATION

- 1. Sessional Exams 15%
- 2. Model Exam 20%
- 3. Evaluation of teaching sessions (5) 40%
- 4. Evaluation of assignments 25%

References:

- 1. Neeraja KP. Textbook of nursing education. 1st ed. New Delhi: Jaypee brothers medical publishers Ltd: 2003.
- 2. Heidgerken LE. Teaching and learning in schools of nursing principles and methods, 3rd ed. New Delhi: Konark publishers; 2005.
- 3. Basavanthappa BT, Nursing education, 1st ed, New Delhi: Jaypee brothers medical publishers; 2004.
- 4. Sankara Narayan B, Sindhu B. Learning & teaching nursing. Brainfill publishers.
- 5. Sampath K, Panneerselvam A, Santhanam S. Introduction to educational technology, 3rd ed. New Delhi: Sterling publishers; 2002.
- 6. Aggarwal JC. Principles, methods and techniques of teaching. 2nd ed, New Delhi: Vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd; 2002.
- 7. Aggarwal JC. Essentials of examination system evaluation, tests and measurement. 1st ed. New-Delhi: Vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd; 2001.

MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING-II

Placement: Third year **Time:** Theory – 105 hours Practical – 310 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

II	15	Describe the	therapy Deafness: prevention, control and rehabilitation Hearing aids, implanted hearing devices Special therapies Nursing procedures in patients with disorders of ear, nose and throat: tracheotomy care, irrigations Nursing management of clients undergoing mastoidectomy, tonsilectomy, adenoidectomy, laryngectomy. Drugs used in treatment of disorders of ear nose and throat Role of nurse communicating with hearing impaired and muteness Nursing Management Of	o Lecture	0	Essay type
		etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye.	Patient With Disorders Of Eye Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye. Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of eye disorders: Refractive errors	 Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/presentation 	0	Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problem

			 Lens: cataracts Glaucoma Disorder of the uveal tract Ocular tumors Disorder of posterior chamber and retina: retinal and vitreous problems Retinal detachment Ocular emergencies and their prevention Blindness National blindness control program Eye banking Eye prostheses and rehabilitation Role of a nurse: communication with visually impaired patient, eye camps Special therapies Nursing procedures: eye care, irrigation, instillation, dressing Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye. 		
III	17	Describe the etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Neurological Disorders O Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system O Nursing assessment: history and physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale O Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders: O Congential malformations Headache Head injuries	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/presentation Visit to rehabilitation centre 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problem

• Spinal cord compression: herniation of intervertebral disc • Tumors of the brain & spinal cord • Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms • Infections: • Meningitis • Encephalitis • Brain abscess • Neurocysticercosis • Movement disorders: Chorea • Seizures • Epilepsies • Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) • Cranial, spinal neuropathies • Bell's palsy • Trigeminal neuralgia • Peripheral Neuropathies: Guillain Barr' e syndrome • Myasthenia gravis • Multiple sclerosis • Degenerative diseases • Delirium • De mentia • Alzheimer's disease • Parkinsons's disease • Management of unconscious patients and patients with stroke • Role of the nurse in communicating with patient having neurological deficit • Rehabilitation of patients with neurological deficit • Role of nurse in long stay facility (institutions) and at home • Special therapies • Drugs used in the treatment of neurological disorders	
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IV	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery	Nursing Management Of Patients With Burns, Reconstructive And Cosmetic Surgery O Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues and various deformities O Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment and assessment of burns and fluid and electrolyte loss O Etiology, classification pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of burns and re-constructive and cosmetic surgery O Types of re-constructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purpose O Role of nurse O Legal aspects O Rehabilitation O Special therapies Psycho social aspects O Drugs used in treatment of burns reconstructive and cosmetic surgery	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised practice Drug book/presentation 	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment problem
V	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with oncological conditions.	Nursing Management Of Patients With Oncological Conditions Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells Cancer incidence and trends Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Prevention, screening, early detection, warning signs of cancer	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/ seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Answers Objective type Assessment f skills with check list Assessment of patient manage- ment problem

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			 Epidemiology, etiology, classification, pathophysiology staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of oncological conditions Common malignancies of various body systems: oral, larynx, lung, stomach and colon, liver, leukemias and lymphomas, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, brain, renal, bladder, prostate etc. Oncological emergences Modalities of treatment Immunotherapy Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Surgical interventions Stem cell and bone marrow transplants Gene therapy Other forms of treatment Psychosocial aspects of cancer Rehabilitation Palliative care: symptom and pain management, nutritional support Home care Hospice care Stomal therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures 	o Drug book/ presentation	
VI	10	Describe organization of emergency and disaster care services	Nursing Management Of Patient In Emergency & Disaster Situations Disaster nursing:	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list

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		Describe the role of nurse in management of common	 Principles of emergency management Common emergencies: Respiratory emergencies Cardiac emergencies Shock and haemorrhage Pain Poly-trauma, road accidents, crush injuries, wound Bites Poisoning, food, gas, drugs & chemical poisoning Seizures Thermal emergencies, heat stroke & cold injuries Pediatric emergencies Psychiatric emergencies Obstetrical emergencies Violence, abuse, sexual assault Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation Crisis Intervention Role of the nurse: communication and inter personal relations Medico-legal aspect 	
VII	10	Explain the concept and problems of aging	 Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Ageing Demography: myths and realities Concepts and theories of ageing Cognitive aspects of ageing Normal biological ageing Age related body systems changes Psychosocial aspects of 	cussion blain using rts, graphs dels, films es monstration ctice session de discussion/ hinar alth education bervised clinical ctice ag book/ sentation it to old age Short answers Objective type O Assessmen t of skills with check list O Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problem

		Describe nursing care of the elderly	 Common health problems & nursing management: Cardiovascular, respiratory, musculoskeletal Endocrine, genitorurinary, gastrointestinal Neurological, skin and other sensory organs Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of a nurse for care of elderly: ambulation, nutritional, communicational, psychosocial and spiritual Role of nurse for caregivers of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal & ethical issues Provisions and programmes for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care 		
VIII	10	Describe organization of critical care units	Nursing Management Of Patient In Critical Care Units Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Classification Principles of critical care nursing Organization, physical setup, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment & supplies Special equipment, ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators Resuscitation equipment Infection control protocols	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/presentation 	 Essay type Short Assessmen t of skills with check list Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problem

		Describe the role of nurse in management of patients critical care units	 Nursing management of critically ill patient Monitoring of critically ill patient CPR - Advance Cardiac Life Support Treatments and procedures Transitional care Ethical and legal aspects Communication with patient and family Intensive care records Crisis intervention Death and dying: coping with Drugs used in critical care unit Psychosocial aspects of critical care nursing, patient, family, nurse Role of a critical care nurse 		
IX	8	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, assessment, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with occupational and industrial health disorder	Nursing Management Of Patients (Adults Including Elderly) With Occupational And Industrial Disorders Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of occupational and industrial health disorders Role of nurse Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of occupational and industrial disorders	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs Models, films slides Practice session Case discussion/seminar Health education 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type

^{*} Unit IV in the INC syllabus (Nursing management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system) is shifted to Obstetrics and Gynecological nursing

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MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING - II PRACTICAL (ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRIC)

Placement: Third year Time: 310 hrs

Areas	Duratio	Objectives	Skills to be Developed	Assignments	Assessment
	n	Posting			Methods
ENT	1	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Council and educate patient and	 Perform examination of ear, nose and throat Assist with diagnostic procedures Instillation of drops Perform/assist with irrigations Apply ear bandage Assist with therapeutic procedures Perform tracheotomy care Teach patients and families 	 Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plan-1 Observation reports of OPD Maintain drug book 	 Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report of OPD Completio n of activity record
Ophthalmology	1	Provide care to patients with eye disorders Council and educate patient and	 Perform examination of eye Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic Procedures Apply eye bandage Instillation of drops/ointments Perform/ assist with irrigations Assist with foreign body removal Teach patients and families 	 Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Observation reports of OPD & eye bank Maintains drug book 	 Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report of OPD & eye bank Completio n of activity record
Neurology	1	Provide care to patients with neurological disorders Council and educate patient and families	 Perform neurological examination Use Glasgow coma scale Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic procedures Teach patients and families Participate in rehabilitation programme 	 Provide care to assigned patients with neurological disorders Case study/case presentation-1 Maintains drug book Health teaching-1 	 Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study and health teaching Completion of activity record

Burns unit & plastic and reconstructiv e surgery unit	1	Provide care to patients with burns	 Assessment of the burns patient Percentage of burns Degree of burns Fluid and electrolyte replacement therapy Assess Calculate Replace Record intake and out put Care of burn wounds Assessment of flaps and grafts Assist with diagnostic procedures 	 Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plans Case study! case presentation-1 Observation report on burns 	 Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study and health teaching Completion of activity record
Oncology	1	Council and educate patient and families Provide	 Assist with therapeutic procedures Teach patients and families Participate in rehabilitation programme Screen for common 	o Provide care	o Assess each
Unit		Provide care to patients with cancer Council and educate patient and families	o Screen for common cancers: TNM classification O Assist with diagnostic procedures • Biopsies • Pap smear • Bone marrow aspiration O Brest examination O Assist with therapeutic procedures O Participates in various modalities of treatment • Chemotherapy • Radiotherapy • Pain management • Stomal therapy • Hormonal therapy • Immunotherapy • Immunotherapy • Alternative therapy • Alternative therapy O Participate in palliative care Counsel and teach patents & families • Self breast examination • Warning signs O Participate in rehabilitation programme	o Provide care to assigned patients o Nursing care plans o Case study! case presentation-1 o Observation report on cancer unit	 Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study and health teaching Completion of activity record

Critical care unit	2	Provide care to critically ill patients Council and educate patient and families	 Monitoring of patients in ICU Maintain flow sheet Care of patient on ventilators Perform endotracheal suction Demonstrate use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc Collect specimens and interprets ABG analysis Assist with arterial puncture Maintain CVP line Pulse oximetry CPR - ACLS Defibrillators Pacemakers Bag mask ventilation Emergency tray/trolley: crash cart Administration of drugs Infusion pump Epidural Intracardiac Total parenteral therapy Chest physiotherapy Perform active and passive exercises Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and bereavement 	 Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plans Observation report on critical care unit Drug books 	Assess each skill with check list Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case study and health teaching Completion of activity record
Casualty / emergency	1	Provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation Council and educate patient and families for grief and bereavemen t	 Practice triage Assist with assessment, examination, investigations and their interpretations in emergency and disaster situations Assist in documentations Assist in legal procedures in emergency unit Participate in managing crowd Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement 	Observation report of emergency unit	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completio n of activity record

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Third year Time: Theory: 90 Hours

Practical: 270 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children

Unit		Learning	Content	Teaching learning	Assessment
1	(Hrs) 15	Objectives Explain the modern concept of child care & principles of child health nursing Describe national policy programs and legislation in relation to child health and welfare List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Describe the major functions and role of the paediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child	Introduction Modern Concepts Of Child Care O Principles of child health nursing Internationally accepted rights of the child National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare National programs related to child health and welfare Agencies related to welfare services to the children Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspects of child health Child morbidity and mortality rates Differences between an adult and child Impact of hospitalization on the child family Grief and bereavement The role of child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children Child health nursing procedures	Activities o Lecture o Discussion o Demonstration of common paediatric procedures	Methods Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list
II	20	Describe the normal growth & development of children at different agesIdentify the	The Healthy Child O Principles of growth and development O Factors affecting growth & development	 Lecture Discussion Developmental study of infant and children	Short answersObjective type

II	20	needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages and ways of meeting the needs Appreciate the role of play for normal & sick children Appreciate the preventive measures and strategies for children	 Growth and development from birth to adolescence The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children & infants: breast feeding, exclusive breast feeding supplementary/ artificial feeding and weaning. Baby friendly hospital concept Accidents: causes and prevention Value of play and selection of play material Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain Preventive paediatrics Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics 	Observation study of normal and sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Film show on breast feeding Clinical practice/ field	o Assessmen t of field visits and develop- mental study reports
III	10	Provide care to normal & high risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Nursing Care Of Neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of a low birth weight baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations 	 Lecture Discussion Workshop on neonatal resuscitation Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list
IV	10		Integrated Management Of Neonatal And Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)		
V	25	Provide nursing care in common childhood diseases	Nursing Management In Common Childhood Diseases ONutritional deficiency disorders	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type

		Identify measures to prevent common childhood diseases including immunization	 Respiratory disorders and infections Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, Wilm's tumor, infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spinabifida Hematological disorders: anemias, thalassemia, ITP, leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: juvenile diabetes mellitus Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing management in hospital and home and prevention. Child health emergencies: poisoning, foreign bodies, hemorrhage, burns and drouging 		oAssessmen t of skills with check list
VI	10	Manage the child with behavioural & social problemsIdentify the social & welfare services for challenged children	Management Of Behavioural & Social Problems In Children O Management of common behavioural disorders O Management of common psychiatric problems O Management of challenged children: mentally,	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally, physically and socially challenged 	 Short Answers Objective type Assessment of field reports

			physically & socially challenged O Welfare service for challenged children in India O Child guidance clinics		
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CHILD HEALTH NURSING - PRACTICAL

Placement: Third Year Time: 270 hrs (9weeks)

Areas	Duration (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Paediatric medicine ward	3	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders Counsel and educate parents	 Taking paediatric history Physical examination and assessment of children Administer oral, I/M & IV medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid requirements Prepare different strengths of I.V. fluids Apply restraints Administer O₂ inhalation by different methods Give baby bath Feed children by Katori spoon, etc Collect specimens for common investigations Assist with common diagnostic procedures Teach mothers/parents about Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy Specific disease conditions 	 Give care to three assigned paediatric patients Nursing care plan – 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 Health talk - 1 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of care study presentation and health education session Completio n of activity record
Paediatric surgery ward	3	Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre and post operative care	 Calculate, prepare and administer I/V fluids Do bowel wash Care for ostomies: Colostomy irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization and drainage 	 Give care to three assigned paediatric patients Nursing care plan-1 Case study/ present-ation-1 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of care study presentation

		to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation s Counsel and educate parents	 Feeding: Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 		and health education session o Completio n of activity record
Paediatric OPD/ Immunization room	1	Perform assessment of children: health, developmental and anthropo- metric. Perform immunization. Give health education/ nutritional education	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Immunization Health/ nutritional education 	Developmental study - 1	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completio n of activity record
Paediatric medicine and surgery ICU	1 each	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator Endotracheal suction Chest physiotherapy Administer fluids with infusion pump Total parenteral nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Cardio pulmonary resuscitation 	 Nursing care plan– 1 Observation report - 1 	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completio n of activity record Evaluation of observation report

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Third year

Time: Theory –90 hours

Practical – 365 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activity	Assessment Method
I	5	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems Describe the national mental health act, programmes and mental health policy Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behavior	Introduction O Perspective of mental health and mental health nursing: evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices. O Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders. O Mental Health Act O National mental health policy visa vis National health policy. O National mental health programme O Mental health team O Nature and scope of mental health nursing O Role and functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice O Concepts of normal and abnormal behavior	o Lecture o Discussion	 Short Short Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports
III	5	Define various terms used in mental health nursing. Explains the classification of mental disorders Explain psychodynamic s of maladaptive behavior	Principles And Concepts Of Mental Health Nursing O Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD O Review of personality development, defense mechanisms O Maladaptive behavior of individuals and groups:	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts Review of personality development 	 Short answers Objective type Essay type

		Discuss the etiological factors, psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	stress, crisis and disaster Etiology: bio-psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and functions of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission Principles of mental health nursing Standards of mental health nursing practice Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential Psycho-analytical Behavioral Interpersonal		
III	8	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	Assessment of Mental Health status O History taking O Mental status examination O Mini mental status examination O Neurological examination review O Investigations: related blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI O Psychological tests O Role and responsibilities of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short Assessmen of skills with check
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communicatio n techniques Describes therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasse and its intervention	Therapeutic Communication And Nurse Patient Relationship Therapeutic communication: types, techniques, characteristics Types of relationship Ethics and responsibilities Elements of nurse patient contract Review of technique of IPR- Johari Window Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques Therapeutic impasse and its intervention	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Process recording 	Short answersObjective type

V	14	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment Modalities And Therapies Used In Mental Disorders O Psycho pharmacology Psychological therapies: therapeutic community, psycho therapy- individual: psycho-analytical, cognitive and supportive, family, group: behavioral, play, psycho-drama, music, dance, recreational and light therapy; relaxation therapies: yoga, meditation, biofeedback Alternative systems of medicine Occupational therapy Physical therapy: electroconvulsive therapy Geriatric considerations Role of nurse in above therapies	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	o Short answers o Objective type o Essay type
VI	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Schizophrenia, And Other Psychotic Disorder Classification: ICD Etiology, psychopathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnoses Nursing assessment: history, physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short Answers Objective type Assessment of patients manage- ment problems
VII	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Mood Disorders o Mood disorders: bipolar affective disorder, mania, depression, and dysthamia etc	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	oShort answers oObjective type oAssessment of patients

			 Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, Nursing assessment: history, physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation 		manage- ment problems oEssay type
VIII	8	Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Neurotic, Stress Related And Somatization Disorders Anxiety disorder, phobias, dissociation and conversion disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder somatoform disorders, post traumatic stress disorder, adjustment disorders Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnoses. Nursing assessment: history, physical and mental assessment Behavioral techniques used in the treatment of neurotic disorders Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic stress related and somatization disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Case presentation Case discussion Clinical practice 	 Short Assessmen t of patients manage-ment problems Essay type
IX	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Substance Abuse Disorders Commonly used psychotropic substance: classification, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal	 Lecture Discussion Case presentation Case discussion Clinical practice 	oShort answers oObjective type oAssessment of patients manage- ment problems

			 Etiology of dependence: tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal syndrome, diagnosis Nursing assessment: history, physical & mental assessment and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up, home care and rehabilitation 		o Essay type
X	4	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, sexual and eating disorders	Nursing Management Of Patient With Personality, Sexual And Eating Disorders Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnoses Nursing assessment: history, physical and mental assessment. Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, sexual and eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Case presentation Case discussion Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of patients management problems Essay type
XI	6	Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management Of Childhood And Adolescent Disorders Including Mental Deficiency Classification Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnoses Nursing assessment: history, physical and mental assessment and IQ assessment	 Lecture Discussion Case presentation Case discussion Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of patients manage- ment problems Essay type

			 Behavioral techniques used in mentally handicapped children Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including mental deficiency Parental counseling and education Mental health promotion with children and adolescents Follow up, home care and rehabilitation 		
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders	Nursing Management Of Organic Brain Disorders	 Lecture Discussion Case presentation Case discussion Clinical practice 	 Short Assessmen t of patients manage- ment problems Essay type
XIII	6	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis interventions	Psychiatric Emergencies And Crisis Interventions Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management Family violence Sexual abuse Hyperventilation syndrome Pseudo seizures Stress adaptation model: stress and sensor, coping, resources and mechanism Grief: theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counseling Types of crisis	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type

XIV	4	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	 Crisis intervention: principles, techniques and process Geriatric considerations Role and responsibilities of nurse Legal Issues In Mental Health Nursing The Mental Health Act 1987: Act, sections, articles and their implications etc Indian Lunacy Act 1912 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and discharge procedures Role and responsibilities of 	LectureDiscussionCase discussion	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
XV	4	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describes community mental health services and role of the nurse	Community Mental Health Nursing Development of community mental health services: National mental health Programme Institutionalization versus deinstitutionalization Model of preventive psychiatry: levels of prevention Mental health services available at primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation: day care centre, half way homes, quarter way homes, night hospitals, foster care services, relapse prevention and role of nurse Mental health agencies: government and voluntary, national and international Mental health nursing issues for special populations: children, adolescence, women, elderly, victims of violence and abuse, handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc	Discussion Clinical/field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies	 Short Objective type Assessmen t of the field visit report

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MENTAL HEALTH NURSING PRACTICAL

Placement: Third year Time: Practical – 365 hours

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patient and families	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Assist in psychometric assessment Perform neurological examination Observe and assist in therapies Teach patient and family members 	 History taking and mental status examination-2 Health education 1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completio n of activity
Child guidance clinic	1	Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others	 History taking Assist in psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Teach family and significant others 	 Case work -1 Observation report of different therapies -1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	6	Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in various therapies	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Perform Neurological examination Assist in psychometric assessment Record therapeutic communication Administer medications Assist in Electro Convulsive Therapy (ECT) 	 Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study -1 Care plan -2 Clinical present- ation -1 Process recording 2 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the case study Care plan, clinical presentation, process recording

		Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	a Participate in all therapies a Prepare patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) a Conduct admission and discharge counseling a Counsel and teach patients and families		a Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry	1	To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow upTo assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community		a Case work-1 a Observation report on field visit	a Assess performance with rating scale a Evaluation of case work and observation report a Completion of activity record

MATERNITY NURSING INCLUDING GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING-I

Placement: Third year

Time: Theory: 90 hrs

Practical: 180 hrs

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and develop beginning skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high-risk mothers during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in the hospital and community settings. It also helps to develop skill in managing normal and high-risk neonates and participate in family welfare programmes.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	Methods
I	3	Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing	Introduction Of Midwifery And Obstetrical Nursing a Introduction to the concepts of midwifery and obstetrical nursing • Legal & ethical aspects • Role of nurse in maternity care • Pre conception care and preparing for parenthood • National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health and welfare • Maternal morbidity, mortality and fertility rates • Perinatal morality and morbidity rates	a Lecture a Discussion a Explain using charts and graphs	a Short answers a Objective type
II	8	Describe the anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system	Review Of Anatomy And Physiology Of Female Reproductive System And Fetal Development a Female pelvis: general description of the bones, joints, ligaments planes of the pelvis, diameters of the true pelvis, important landmarks, variations in pelvic shape a Female organs of reproduction: external genitalia, internal genital organs and their anatomical relations, musculature: blood supply, nerves, lymphatic, pelvic cellular tissue, pelvic peritoneum	a Lecture a Discussion a Review with charts and graphs	a Short answers a Objective type

		 Pelvic floor Physiology of menstrual cycle Human sexuality Foetal development Conception Review of fertilization, implantation, development of the embryo and placenta at term: functions, abnormalities, fetal sac, amniotic fluid, umbilical cord Foetal circulation Foetal skull: bones, sutures and measurements Review of genetics 		
8	Describe the diagnosis and management of women during antenatal period	Assessment And Management Of Pregnancy (Antenatal) Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Reproductive system Cardiovascular system Respiratory system Gastrointestinal system Metabolic changes Skeletal changes Skin changes Endocrine system Psychological changes Discomforts of pregnancy Signs and symptoms Differential diagnosis Confirmatory tests Antenatal care Objectives of antenatal care Assessment: history and physical examination, obstetrical examination, signs of previous childbirth	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient management problems

				ı	
			 Relationship of fetus to uterus and pelvis: lie, attitude, presentation, position Pervaginal examination Screening and assessment for high risk Risk approach History and physical examination Modalities of diagnosis: invasive and noninvasive, ultrasonics, CTG, NST, CST Antenatal preparation and care Antenatal counseling Antenatal diet Antenatal exercises Substance use Education for childbirth Preparation for safe confinement Prevention from radiation Psychological and cultural aspects of pregnancy Adjustment to pregnancy Unwed mother Single parent Teenage pregnancy Sexual violence Adoption 		
III	8	Describe the diagnosis and management of women during antenatal period	Assessment And Management Of Pregnancy (Antenatal) O Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Reproductive system Cardiovascular system Respiratory system Gastrointestinal system Metabolic changes Skeletal changes Skin changes Endocrine system	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient management problems

■ Psychological changes ■ Discomforts of pregnancy ○ Diagnosis of pregnancy ■ Signs and symptoms ■ Differential diagnosis ■ Confirmatory tests ○ Antenatal care ■ Objectives of antenatal care ■ Assessment: history and physical examination, obstetrical examination, signs of previous childbirth ■ Relationship of fetus to uterus and pelvis: lie, attitude, presentation, position ■ Pervaginal examination ○ Screening and assessment for high risk ○ Risk approach ○ History and physical examination ○ Modalities of diagnosis: invasive and noninvasive, ultrasonics, CTG, NST, CST ○ Antenatal preparation and care ■ Antenatal counseling ■ Antenatal diet ■ Antenatal diet ■ Antenatal diet ■ Antenatal oin for childbirth ■ Preparation for safe confinement ■ Prevention from radiation ○ Psychological and cultural aspects of pregnancy ■ Adjustment to pregnancy ■ Adjustment to pregnancy ■ Vinwed mother ■ Single parent ■ Teenage pregnancy ■ Sexual violence ○ Adoption	
oAdoption	

Describe the physiology and stages of labour and stage of labour and stage of labour and stage of labour and and apmormal observation for labour, normal and abnormal observation of labour, particle session a Counseling session a Supervised clinical practice of Patient management of labour, particle session a Supervised clinical practice of Patient management of labour, particle session and observation of women in labour particle session and observation of women in labour particle session and observation of labour. Assessment of labour and birth and management of labour and birth and stage and symptoms: normal abnormal observation of members and early of the	IV	12		Assessment And	Tt	G1
	IV	12	Describe the management of women during	Period a Physiology and mechanism of labour a Management of labour: 1st stage • Signs and symptoms of onset of labour, normal and abnormal • Duration • Preparation for labour: woman, labour room • Assessment and observation of women in labour, partogram, maternal and foetal monitoring • Active management of labour: • Pain relief and comfort during labour and birth a Management of labour: 2nd stage • Signs and symptoms: normal abnormal • Duration • Conduct of delivery; principles and techniques • Episiotomy • Receiving the newborn: neonatal resuscitation, immediate assessment and care of the newborn, screening for congenital anomalies: identification, bonding, initiate feeding, transportation of neonate a Management of labour: 3rd stage • Signs and symptoms: normal and abnormal • Duration • Methods of placental expulsion • Management: principles and techniques • Examination of placenta • Examination of	a Demonstration a Case discussion a Health talk a Practice session a Counseling session a Supervised clinical	a Objective type a Assessment of skills with checklist a Assessment of patient manage- ment
<u> </u>				•		

V	5	Describe the	 Management of labour: 4th stage Maintaining records and reports Organization and management of labour room Assessment And	o Lecture cum	o Short
		physiology of puerperium Describe the management of women during postnatal period	Management Of Women During Postnatal Period Normal puerperium, physiology and duration Postnatal assessment and management Promoting physical and emotional well being Location management Management of minor ailments Postnatal exercises Family dynamics after childbirth Family welfare services; methods, counseling Follow up Maintaining records and reports	discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Supervised clinical practice	answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problems
VI	6	Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate	Assessment And Management Of Normal Neonates Normal neonate Physiological adaptation Initial and daily assessment Essential newborn care Breast feeding Immunization Minor disorders and management Levels of neonatal care (Level I, II, III) Maintaining records and reports	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short Assessmen tof skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problems
VII	4	Describe the management of postnatal complications	Abnormalities During Postnatal Period Output Assessment and management of women with postnatal complications Puerperal infections, breast engorgement and	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist

			infection, UTI, thromboembolic disorders, postpartum hemorrhage, eclampsia, sub involution • Psychologic complications of puerperium and its management • Post partum blues • Postpartum depression • Postpartum psychosis		o Assessment of patient manage- ment problems
VII	4	Describe the management of postnatal complications	Abnormalities During Postnatal Period O Assessment and management of women with postnatal complications Puerperal infections, breast engorgement and infection, UTI, thromboembolic disorders, postpartum hemorrhage, eclampsia, sub involution Psychologic complications of puerperium and its management Post partum blues Postpartum depression Postpartum psychosis	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient management problems
VIII	10	Identify high risk neonates and their nursing management	Assessment And Management Of High Risk Newborn O Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care units protocols Nursing management of Low birth weight babies Infections Respiratory problems Hemolytic disorders Birth injuries Congenital malformations Jaundice Hypoglycemia Convulsions	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient management problems

			 Monitoring of risk neonates Feeding of high risk neonates Organization and management of neonatal intensive care units Infection control in neonatal intensive care units Maintenance of records and reports 		
IX	4	Describe the indication, dosage, side effects and nursing responsibilities in the administration of drugs used for mothers	Pharmacotheraputics In Obstetrics Indications, dosage, action, contraindications and side effects of drugs Effects of drugs on pregnancy, labour and puerperium Nursing responsibility in the administration of drugs in obstetrics Oxytocins Anthypertensives Diuretics Tocolytic agents Anticonvulsants Analgesics and anesthetic in obstetrics Effects of maternal medication on fetus and neonates	 Lecture cum discussion Drug book Drug presentation 	 Short Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problems
X	10	Appreciate the importance of family welfare programe Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare programme	Family Welfare Programme O Population trends and problems in India O Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme O National population: dynamics, policy and education O National family welfare programme: RCH, ICDS, MCH, safe motherhood, NRHM O Organization and administration: at national,	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised clinical practice Field visits 	 Short Answers Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problems

			state, district, block and village levels Contraception: type, methods, risk and effectiveness Spacing methods Barrier methods, intra uterine, devices, hormonal post conceptional methods, etc Terminal methods Sterilization Emergency contraception Counseling for family welfare Latest research in contraception Maintenance of vital statistics Role of national, international and voluntary organizations Role of nurse in family welfare programme Training/supervision of collaboration with other functionaries in community like ANMs, LHVs, Anganwadi workers, TBAs (Traditional birth attendant – Dai)		
XI	16	Describe the etiology, patho physiology clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management, of patients with disorders of female reproductive system	Nursing Management Of Patients With Disorders Of Female Reproductive System O Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system Nursing assessment history and physical assessment Breast self examination Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment, modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of disorders	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised clinical practice Field visits 	 Short Short Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessmen t of patient manage- ment problems

of reproductive health and family welfare programme	 Sexuality and reproductive health Sexual health assessment Menstrual disorders, dymenorrhea, amenorrhea, premenstrual syndrome Abnormal uterine bleeding menorrhagia, metrorrhagia Pelvic inflammatory disease Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders, infections, cysts tumors Uterine and cervical disorders endometriosis, polyps, fibroids cervical and uterine tumors, uterine displacement, cystocele/ urethrocele/rectocele Vaginal disorders, infection, cysts tumors Diseases of breast, deformities infection, cysts and tumors Menopause and hormonal replacement therapy Infertility and its management Abortion: natural, medical and surgical abortion, MTP Act Toxic shock syndrome Injuries and trauma, sexual violence Special therapies Nursing procedures Drug used in treatment of gynecological disorders National family welfare programme. 		
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Maternity Nursing including Gynecological Nursing II - Practical

Placement: Third year Time: Practical: 180 hours (Third year)

: 420 hours (Fourth year)

Course Description: Aim of the clinical experience is to enable the students to acquire knowledge regarding changes taking place during pregnancy, develop skill in assessing, planning, implementing and evaluating comprehensive care given to the mother and child during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods with positive attitude.

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Antenatal ward/ clinic/ OPD	4	Perform assessment of pregnant womenProvid e comprehensiv e care to pregnant women Counsel mother and family regarding parent hoodPerform high risk screening	 Antenatal examination Antenatal history taking Physical examination Haemoglobin & urine testing for sugar and albumin Immunization of antenatal mothers Assessment of risk status of antenatal mothers through risk assessment Teaching antenatal mother regarding self and newborn care Maintenance of antenatal records 	 Antenatal assessment -30 Health education High risk assessment Prenatal counseling Antenatal diet plan Case book recordings Care study -1 Clinical presentation -1 Drug file 	 Verification of findings of antenatal examination s Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Completion of case book
Labour room/ OT	4	Perform assessment of women in labour Provide care to women in labour Conduct normal deliveries Perform episiotomy and suture it Resuscitate newborns	 Assessment of woman in labour Monitoring, caring and preparation of woman in labour Conduct normal delivery Newborn assessment and immediate care Resuscitation of newborns Assessment of risk status of newborn Perform episiotomy and suturing Maintenance of labour and birth records Arrange for and assist with caesarean section 	 Intranatal assessment and care - 20 Conduct normal deliveries - 20 Pervaginal examination - 5 Perform and suture episiotomy - 5 Resuscitate newborn - 5 Assist with cesarean sections - 5 Witness/assist abnormal deliveries - 5 	o Assessment of clinical performanc e with rating scale o Assessment of skill with checklist o Completion of case book

		Assist with caesarean sections, MTP and other surgical procedures	and care for woman & baby during caesarean O Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures	 Placental examination Health education Case book recordings Plan physical lay out of labour room Drug file Instrumen t file 	
Postnatal ward	4	Perform assessment of post natal mother and babyProvide comprehensiv e care to post natal mother and baby	 Examination of a postnatal mother and baby Care of postnatal mother and baby Perineal care Assisting with breast feeding and lactation management Teaching postnatal mother: Mother craft Post natal care Exercise Immunization 	 Postnatal assessment and care - 20 Newborn assessment and care - 20 Case presentation -1 Case study -1 Health education -1 Case book recordings Postnatal diet plan 	 Assessment of clinical performanc e with rating scale Assessment of skill with checklist Completion of case book Evaluation of case study and presentation and health advection
Newborn Nursery	1	Provide nursing care to newborn at risk	 Feeding at risk neonates Katori spoon, palada, tube feeding and total parenteral nutrition Thermal management of neonates: Kangaroo mother care, care of baby in incubator Perform admission of neonates to NICU Monitoring and care of high risk neonates Assisting with exchange transfusion Care of baby on ventilator Care of a baby receiving phototherapy Infection control protocols in the nursery Counseling parents of high risk neonates Maintenance of neonatal records 	 Assessment of risk newborn -2 Clinical discussion - 1 Care study - 1 Drug file Preparation of physical lay out of a NICU 	 Assessment of clinical performanc e with rating scale Assessment of skill with checklist Evaluation of assignments

Family welfare clinic	1	Counsel mother and family regarding family welfare services	a Insertion of IUCD a Counselling the family about family planning methods a Arrange for and assist with family planning operations a Maintenance of family planning records and reports	a IUCD insertion -5 a Field visit to a major family welfare center a Arrange for and assist with tubectomy, minilap operation and vasectomy -1 a Counseling the couple -2 a Maintenance of records and reports in the family planning unit	a Assessment of skill with checklist
Gynecology ward	1	Provide care to client with gynecologic disorders	a Perform gynecologic assessment a Provide care to clients with gynecological conditions	a Gynecologic assessment and care a Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures a Care study -1 a Clinical present- ation -1	a Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale a Assessment of skill with checklist

MATERNITY NURSING INCLUDING GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING-II

Placement: Fourth year

Time: Theory: 30 hours
Practical: 420 hours

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6	Review normal pregnancy labour and puerpenium	Review of Normal Pregnancy, Labour, Puerprium, Newborn and Family Welfare	Revision testDiscussions	Short answersObjective type
I	12	Describe the identification and management of women with high risk pregnancy	High Risk Pregnancy: Assessment And Management Screening and assessment ultrasonics, CTG, NST, CST, non invasive and invasive, newer modalities of diagnosis High risk approach Levels of care: Primary secondary and tertiary levels Disorders in pregnancy Hyperemesis gravidarum Bleeding in early pregnancy, abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole Antepartum hemorrhage: placenta praevia, abruptio placenta Uterine abnormality and displacement Disease complicating pregnancy Medical and surgical conditions Infection: reproductive tract infection, sexually transmitted diseases, urinary tract infection, HIV, TORCH Gynaecological disorders complicating pregnancy: pregnancy induced hypertension and diabetes, toxemia of pregnancy	 Lecture cum discussion Explain using charts Microscopic slides, skeleton & torso Demonstrate cells, types of tissues, Membranes and glands 	Short answers Objective type Essay type Assessmen t of skills with checklist

		• Rh, ABO		
		incompatibility • Mental disorders ○ Multiple pregnancy ○ Abnormalities of placenta and cord ○ Intrauterine growth retardation ○ Nursing management of mothers with high risk pregnancy ○ Maintenance of records and reports		
12	Describe management of abnormal labour and obstetrical emergencies	Abnormal Labour: Assessment And Management O Disorders in labour Cephalo pelvic disproportion and contracted pelvis Malpositions and malpresentations Premature labour, PROM, post maturity, IUD Disorders of uterine action: precipitate labour, prolonged labour Complications of third stage: PPH, retained placenta, placenta accreta, inversion of uterus Injuries to birth canal Obstetrical emergencies and their management Cord presentation, prolapse, vasa praevia Amniotic fluid embolism Rupture of uterus Shoulder dystocia Shock in obstetrics Obstetrical procedures and operations Induction of labour Forceps, vacuum, version Manual removal of placenta	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstrate Case discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	 Short Objective type Essay type Assessmen t of skills with checklist Assessment of patient manage- ment

	 Caesarean section Destructive operations Nursing management of women undergoing obstetrical procedures and operations 	
	operations	

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- 16. James R, Cambel C. Gynaecological nursing. 4th ed. St. Louis :Mosby Co.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Placement: Fourth year Time: Theory – 90 Hours
Practical – 330 Hours

Course description: This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	Define concepts, scope, principles and historical development of community health and community health nursing	Introduction Definition, concept, scope, and principles of community health and community health nursing Historical development of Community health Community health nursing Pre—independence Post—independence	o Lecture o Discussion	Essay typeShortanswers
П	8	Describe health plans, policies, various health committees and health problems in India	Health Planning And Policies And Problems National health planning in India: Five year plans Various committees and commission on health and family welfare Central council for health and family welfare (CCH & FW) National health policies 1983, 2002 National population policy Health problems in India Concept of public health	LectureDiscussionPanel discussion	Essay typeShortanswers
III	15	Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas List the functions of various levels and their staffing pattern	Delivery of Community Health Services O Planning, budgeting and material management of PHC's SC's and CHC's O Rural: organization, staffing and functions of rural health services provided by government at: O Village Sub center Primary health center Community health center/ sub divisional	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health delivery systems Supervised field practice Panel discussion 	Essay typeShortanswers

		Explain the components of health services	 Hospitals District State Centre Urban: organization, staffing and functions of urban health services provided by government at: Slums Dispensaries Maternal and child health centers Special clinics Hospitals Corporation/ municipality/ board Components of health services Environmental sanitation Health education Vital statistics MCH: antenatal, natal, post natal, MTP act, female feticide act, child adoption act Family welfare National health programmes School health services Occupational health Defense services Institutional services 		
		Describe alternative systems of health promotion and health maintenance Describe the chain of referral system	 Family welfare National health programmes School health services Occupational health Defense services 		
IV	25	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts	Community Health Nursing Approaches, Concepts And Roles And Responsibilities Of Nursing Personnel o Approaches	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session	 Essay type Short answers

 1	T	1	1
Describe the roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel	 Nursing theories and nursing process Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Concepts of primary health care Equitable distribution Community participation Focus on prevention Use of appropriate technology Multi-sectoral approach Roles and responsibility of community health nursing personnel in: Family health services Information Education and Communication (IEC) Management Information System (MIS) Maintenance of records and reports Training and supervision of various categories of health workers National health programmes Environmental sanitation Maternal and child health Family welfare Treatment of minor ailments School health services Occupational health Organization of clinics, camps: types, preparation, planning, conduct and evaluation Waste management in the center, clinics, etc Disaster management 	 Supervised field practice Participation in camps Group project 	

			 Home visit: concept, principles, process, and techniques. Bag technique, home visit Qualities of community health nurse Administrative functions of community health nurse Job description of community health nursing personnel. 		
V	15	Describe and appreciate the activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting Individuals And Groups To Promote And Maintain Their Health Empowerment for self care of individuals, families and groups in: A. Assessment of Self And Family Monitoring growth and development Mile stones Weight measurement Social development Temperature and blood pressure monitoring Menstrual cycle Breast self examination and testicles Warning signs of various diseases Tests: urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar. B. Seek Health Services For Routine health check up Immunization Counseling Diagnosis Treatment Follow up C. Maintenance of Health Records For Self And Family D. Continue Medical Care And Follow Up In Community For Various Diseases And Disabilities E. Carryout Therapeutic Procedures As Prescribed/ Required For Self And Family	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice Individual/ group/ family community health education 	O Essay type O Short answers

VI	18	Describe national family welfare programmes and role of nurse	F. Waste Management • Collection and disposal of waste at home and community G. Sensitize and Handle Social Issues Affecting Health and Development for Self and Family • Women empowerment • Women and child abuse • Abuse of elders • Female feticide • Commercial sex workers • Food adulteration • Substance abuse H. Utilize Community Resources For Health And Family • Trauma services • Old age homes • Orphanage • Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals • Homes for destitute National Health And Family Welfare Programmes And The Role Of A Nurse • National ARI Control Programme • Revised National Tuberculosis Programme • National Anti Malaria Programme • National Filaria Control Programme	 Lecture Discussion Participation in national health programmes Field visits 	Essay typeShortanswers
			Programme		

		Describe various health schemes in India	 National family welfare programme: RCH programme, historical development, organization, administration, research, constraints National water supply and sanitation programme Minimum needs programme National diabetics control programme Polio eradication: pulse polio programme National cancer control programme Yaws eradication programme National nutritional anemia prophylaxis programme Twenty point programme ICDS Programme Mid-day meal applied nutrition programme National mental health programme Health schemes ESI CGHS Health insurance 		
VII	5	Explain the role and functions of various national and international health agencies	Health Agencies International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, FAO, UNICEF, DANIDA, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CARE, World Bank, European commission, International Red Cross Society, Colombo Plan National: Indian Red Cross Society, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Hind Kusht Nivaran Sangh, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind's Association of India	o Lecture o Discussion	Essay typeShort answers

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COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING PRACTICAL II

Placement -	– Fourth year	•		Time: Pract	ical – 330 Hours
Areas	Duratio n in	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Method
Community health nursing	1 week for urban and 4 weeks for rural	Identify community profile Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases Diagnose health needs of individual, families and community Plan, provide and evaluate care Participate in school health programme Participate in national health programmes Organize groups for self help and involve clients in their own health activities Provide family welfare services	 Community health survey Community diagnosis Family care: home adaptation of common procedures Home visit: bag technique Organize and conduct clinics, antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camp etc Screen, manage and referrals for: High risk mothers and neonates Accidents and emergencies Illnesses: physical and mental disabilities Conduct delivery at center/home; episiotomy and suturing Resuscitate new born School health programme Screen, manage and refer children Collaborate with health and allied agencies Train and supervise health workers Provide family welfare services: insertion if IUD Counsel and teach individual, family and community about: HIV, TB, diabetes, hypertension, mental health, adolescents, elderly health, physically and mentally challenged individuals etc	 ○ Community survey report – 1 ○ Family care study – 1 ○ Project – 1 ○ Health talk – 1 ○ Case book recording ○ Observation visit to subcentre, agency for preventing communicable disease, social welfare agency DPHN office and an occupational health centre 	O Assess clinical performance with rating scale Evaluation of community survey report, family care study, project and health talk Completion of activity record Completion of case book recording

		Counsel and educate individual, family and community Collect vital health statistics Maintain records and reports	 a Collect and calculate vital health statistics a Document and maintain: Individual, family and administrative records Write reports: center, disease, national health programme/ projects 	a Community survey report – 1 a Family care study – 1 a Project – 1 a Health talk – 1 a Case book recording a Observation visit to subcentre, agency for preventing communicable disease, social welfare agency DPHN office and an occupational health centre	
Urban	4 weeks	Provide comprehensiv e care to individual, family and community	a Integrated practice and group project-1 each in rural and urban		a Asses clinical performance with rating scale a Evaluation of project

^{*} During the rural posting students should stay in health centers under the supervision of teachers

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Placement: Fourth Year **Time:** Theory - 45 Hours (30 + 15)
Practical - 90 Hours

Course Description: The course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/participate in need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process	Research and Research Process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of research and nursing research Research terminologies Historical development of nursing research in India Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of research process: overview Ethical considerations	O Lecture O Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies	Short answerObjective type
Ш	3	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/ Question Source of research problem Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	Short answerObjective type
III	3	Review related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search: CINHAL, COCHRANE Purposes Method of review	 Lecture Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated 	Short answerObjective type
IV	4	Describe the research approaches and designs	Research Approaches And Designs O Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture Discussion Explain types of research	Short answerObjective type

			 Historical, survey, experimental, non- experimental and quasi- experimental designs 	approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research studies with rationale	
V	8	Explain the sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Sampling and Data Collection O Definition: population, sample, sampling, element, sampling criteria Factors influencing sampling process Types of sampling techniques Data: why, what, when, from whom and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments: Methods of data collection: questioning, interviewing, observation, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments Validity and reliability of the instrument Pilot study Data collection procedure	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignments on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	Short answerObjective type
VI	4	Analyze, interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of Data O Compilation, tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data O Discussion	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables	Short answerObjective type
VII	15	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data	Introduction to Statistics Definition, functions and limitations of statistics Scales of measurement Frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphical presentation of data: raw data, the array, class interval, class limits, and class marks.	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability and correlation 	Short answerObjective type

		Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation	 Histogram, frequency polygons, curves, one dimensional and two dimensional diagrams, normal probability curve. Measures of central tendency and dispersion: arithmetic mean, median and mode; quartiles, deciles and percentiles. The range, the mean deviation and average deviation, the variance, the standard deviation, the coefficient of variation, coefficient of correlation Introduction to 't' test and Chi-square Using computer for data analysis using statistical package 		
VIII	4	Communicate and utilize the research findings	Communication and Utilization Of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/ paper: format, style, foot note, bibliography Critical review of published research Utilization of research findings Evidence based practice	 Lecture Discussion Read/presentations of sample published/ unpublished research report Writing group research project 	Short answerObjective type

METHODS OF EALUATION

		Weightage (%)
0	Written examination	50
0	Written assignments: individual and groups	15
	> Review of literature	
	> Annotated bibliography	
	> Preparation of sample data collection tool	
0	Critiquing a research report	5
0	Evaluation of the research report (Project)	30

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NURSING RESEARCH-PRACTICAL

Placement: - Fourth year Allotted Hours: 90 hoursrs

AIM

This course is aimed at familiarizing the students with the methodology of conducting a research, thereby able to conduct a research independently.

BEHAVIOURAL OBJECTIVES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- o Identify the problem areas.
- o State research problems, objectives and hypotheses.
- o Identify the variables.
- o Prepare review of literature.
- o Prepare sample data collection tools
- o Conduct a group research project using the steps of data collection.
- o Analyze the data collected using statistical packages
- o Prepare a project report and submit for evaluation.
- o Critically analyze other research studies conducted in the fields of nursing

METHODS OF TEACHING

- Group discussion
- o Group presentations

METHOD OF EVALUATION	Weightage (%)*
 Participation (individual) in group project 	20
 Classroom presentations (various stages of project work) 	10
 Evaluation of project report 	70

^{*}NB: The marks obtained for the research project is added to the internal assessment of theory part of Nursing Research.

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MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICE & EDUCATION

Placement: Fourth year **Time:** Theory – 90 hrs (60+30)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services and nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession.

Unit	(Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
I	Th. Pr. 4	Explain the principles and functions of management.	Introduction to Management In Nursing O Definition, concepts and theories Functions of management Principles of management Role of nurse as a manager	Activities o Lecture o Discussion o Explain using organization chart	o Short answers
II	7	Describe the elements and process of management	Management Process O Planning: mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan O Staffing: philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification systems, scheduling O Human resource management: recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, super annuation etc O Budgeting: concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis, audit O Material management equipment and supplies, procurement, inventory control auditing and maintenance. O Directing process (leading) O Controlling: Quality management O Program evaluation	 Lecture cum discussion Simulated Exercises Case studies 	o Essay Type o Short answers

				 Review technique (PERT), bench marking, activity plan (Gantt Chart) 				
III	10	20	Describe the management of nursing services in the hospital and community	Management of Nursing Services In The Hospital And Community Planning: Hospital and patient care units including ward management Emergency and disaster management Human resource management: Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuation etc. Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Patient/population classification systems Patients/population assignment and nursing care responsibilities Staff development and welfare Time management Budgeting: proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipment and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Directing and leading: delegation participatory management Assignments, rotations, delegations Supervision & guidance Implement standards, policies, procedures and practices	0000000	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulated exercises Case studies Supervised practice in ward, writing indents, preparing duty roaster, ward supervision Assignment on duties and responsibilities of ward sister Writing report	000 0 0	Essay type Short answers Assessment of problem solving exercises Assessment of the assignments Performance evaluation by ward sister with rating scale

			Maintenance of discipline Controlling/evaluation: Nursing rounds/visits, nursing protocols manuals Factors affecting good ward management Issues and problems in nursing service administrations Quality assurance model, documentation. Nursing Audit Records and reports Performance		
IV	8	Describe the concepts, theories and techniques of organizational behaviour and human relations	Organizational Behaviour And Human Relations Concepts and theories of organizational behaviours Review of Channels of communication Leadership styles Review of motivation: concepts and theories Group dynamics Techniques of: Communication Interpersonal relationships Human relations Employee Morale Public relations in context of nursing Relations with professional associations and employee unions and collective bargaining	 Lecture discussion Role plays Group games Self assessment Case discussion Practice Session 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of problem solving
V	6 10	Participate in planning and organizing in service education program	In service Education O Nature & scope of inservice education program Organization of inservice education Principles of adult learning	 Lecture Discussion Plan & conduct an in service educational session for nursing personnel 	 Short Answer Objective type Assessment, planning & conduct of the educational session

			 Planning for in-service education program, techniques, methods & evaluation of staff education program Preparation of report 		
VI	10	Describe management of nursing educational institutions	Management Of Nursing Educational Institutions	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Counseling session Group exercises 	O Essay type O Short answers

			 Institutional record and reports Administrative faculty, staff and students Issues and problems in nursing education sector 		
VII	10	Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities of a professional nurse Explain the nursing practice standards	Nursing as a Profession Nursing as a profession Philosophy: nursing practice Aims and objectives Characteristics of a professional nurse Regulatory bodies: INC, SNC acts; constitution, functions Current trends and issues in nursing Professional ethics Code of ethics: INC, ICN Code of professional conduct; INC, ICN Practice standards for nursing; INC Consumer Protection Act Legal aspects in nursing Legal terms related to practice, registration	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Panel discussion Role plays Critical incidents Visit to INC/ SNRCs 	 Short answer Assessment of critical incidents
			 and licensing Laws related to nursing practice: breach and penalties Malpractice and negligence 		
VIII	5	Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	Professional Advancement:	 Lecture Discussion Review/ presentation of published articles Group work on maintenance of bulletin board 	o Short Answers

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- 3. Sampath K, 3rd revised edition Introduction to Educational Technology, Sterling publishers Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 4. Tyler, Ralph W, Basic Principles of Curriculum Instruction, The university of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- 5. Heidgerken, LE 3rd ed, Teaching and learning in Schools of Nursing, JB Lippincott Company, Philadelphia.
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- 8. Agarwal.J.C., Principles, Methods and Techniques of Teaching, 2nd ed., New-Delhi:Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd: 2002
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MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES & EDUCATION PRACTICAL

Total No of Hrs: 400

AIM

The aim of the practical experience is to develop managerial skills needed for the management of nursing educational institutions and nursing service in the hospital.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

The student will be able to:

- Prepare organizational chart of an organization
- Outline the duties and responsibilities of various categories of nursing personnel
- Develop skill in management of ward and special units like CSSD, dietary department, house keeping department, intensive care unit
- Apply the knowledge of staffing and scheduling in preparing duty roster for nursing personnel
- Develop leadership skills
- Develop skill in oral and written communication

SKILLS TO BE DEVELOPED

- 1. Conceptual skill
 - Preparation of organizational chart
 - Preparation of job description
 - Preparation of work plan
 - Plan of assignments for a staff and students
 - Preparation of performa for evaluation of staff
 - Report of duties and responsibilities of night supervisor
- 2. Communication skills
 - Oral reports
 - Preparation of night report
 - Preparation of day report
 - Maintenance of records
- 3. Conceptual and technical skills
 - Preparation of duty roster
 - Indenting and inventory control
 - Management of special units like CSSD, dietary department, house keeping and intensive care unit

- 4. Supervisory and teaching skills
 - Supervision of staff
 - Supervision of students
 - Conduction of nursing rounds, bedside clinics, demonstration
 - Night supervision

List of Assignments

I. PREPARATION OF ORGANIZATION CHART OF

- 1. Government Medical College Hospital
- 2. Private School of Nursing
- 3. Private College of Nursing

II. PREPARATION OF

- 1. Duty roster of staff nurses
- 2. Proforma for evaluation of staff
 - a) Rating scale
 - b) Check list
- 3. Work plan
- 4. Job description of
 - a) Nursing superintendent
 - b) Head nurse
 - c) Staff nurse
 - d) Nursing assistant
 - e) Various categories of teaching faculty
- 5. Oral reports
- 6. Day reports
- 7. Night reports

III. CONDUCT

- 1. Supervision of staff
- 2. Supervision of students
- 3. Nursing rounds
- 4. Bedside clinics
- 5. Demonstration

IV. ROLE OF STUDENT ADMINISTRATOR IN

- 1. Indenting supplies & materials
- 2. Inventory checking
- 3. Maintenance of records of /ward
- V. Preparation of Budget estimate for the unit/ a specific area